



National Assembly for **Wales**
Cynulliad Cenedlaethol **Cymru**

Older People in Wales

This paper presents figures from the 2001 Census of Population about the characteristics of older people living in Wales. It is mostly concerned with information about older people and the circumstances in which they live. Older people are defined here as those aged 50 and over in line with the Welsh Assembly Government's *Strategy for Older People in Wales*.

October 2003



Older People in Wales

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Executive Summary

- ◆ There were about 1.04 million people in Wales aged 50 and over in 2001, equivalent to about 36% of the total population of Wales. There were about 241,000 people aged 75 and over in Wales in 2001, equivalent to about 8% of the total population. The mean age is highest in Electoral Divisions in parts of mid-Wales and coastal parts of west and north Wales (Section 3).
- ◆ For those aged 50 and over the proportion who were of Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) origin was about 1%. For those aged 75 and over, only about 0.5% were of BME origin. Despite these low proportions, there were almost 4,000 pensioners living in Wales in 2001 who were of BME origin. A slightly larger proportion of people of pensionable age in Wales were born in England (about 23%) compared with the population as a whole (20%) (Section 4).
- ◆ Just over one quarter of all households in Wales were households comprised only of people of pensionable age in 2001, a total of about 310,000 households. The Electoral Divisions with the largest numbers of pensioner households were mostly in the urban areas of south Wales and parts of the valleys as well as in the coastal part of north Wales. (Section 5).
- ◆ A number of pensioners and those aged over 75 were classified as living in Lone Parent Families. This probably reflects households where at least one child has remained at home to care for an ageing parent (Section 6).
- ◆ For people aged 50 and over about 89% lived in a house or bungalow, with about 8% living in a flat; maisonette or apartment and about 2% in a communal establishment. The proportion living in a house or bungalow decreases with age (Section 7).
- ◆ For people aged 50 and over about 54% lived in a property that they owned outright in 2001 and 23% lived in a property they owned with a mortgage or loan. The level of owner occupation amongst older people is slightly greater than for the population as a whole (Section 8).
- ◆ For people aged 50 and over about 8% (81,000) lived in a property without central heating. This is above the average proportion for the population as a whole. The Electoral Divisions with the largest numbers of people of pensionable age living in a property without central heating were mostly in Cardiff, Rhondda Cynon Taf, Caerphilly, Cardiff, Swansea and Conwy (Section 9).
- ◆ In general a larger proportion of older people in Wales were living in under-occupied conditions than was the case for the population as a whole. This may partly reflect the fact that in some areas older people are still living in larger family homes (Section 10).



- ◆ A slightly above average proportion of older people were living above ground floor level. This is probably a reflection of the higher proportion of older people living in a flat; maisonette or apartment (Section 11).
- ◆ As would be expected, overall general health deteriorates with age, whilst illness generally increases (Section 12).
- ◆ Access to a car or van in the household declines with age. A third of pensioners do not have access to a car or van (Section 13).
- ◆ There were about 40,000 people in Wales living as residents in Communal Establishments at the time of the 2001 Census. More than half of these people were aged 50 and over and almost all of them had a limiting long-term illness and were of pensionable age. The Electoral Divisions with the largest numbers of people of pensionable age living in Medical and Care Communal Establishments were mostly in Swansea, Cardiff, Conwy, Vale of Glamorgan and Carmarthenshire (Section 14).

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Older People in Wales

1 Scope of the paper

This paper presents figures from the 2001 Census of Population about the characteristics of older people living in Wales. It is mostly concerned with information about older people and the circumstances in which they live. Older people are defined here as those aged 50 and over in line with the Welsh Assembly Government's *Strategy for Older People in Wales*¹.

The paper compares the characteristics of people aged 50 and over, people of pensionable age² and people aged 75 and over with the total population living in Wales.

Where appropriate the paper also looks at where the largest numbers of older people are living in Wales in a series of maps and tables at the Electoral Division level.

The topics presented here are as follows:

Section 2: Population by Age

Section 3: Ethnic Origin, Country of Birth and Religion

Section 4: Households

Section 5: Family Type

Section 6: Accommodation type

Section 7: Tenure

Section 8: Amenities

Section 9: Occupancy Rating

Section 10: Floor of Accommodation

Section 11: Health

Section 12: Car Ownership

Section 13: Communal Establishments

¹ *The Strategy for Older People in Wales*, Welsh Assembly Government, January 2003
<http://www.wales.gov.uk/subisocialpolicy/content/older/older-people-final-e.pdf>

² Men aged 65 and over and women aged 60 and over

2 Total Population by age

There were about 1.04 million people in Wales aged 50 and over in 2001. This was about 36% of the total population of Wales. For England and Wales together the equivalent proportion was about 33%.

There were about 580,000 people of pensionable age in Wales in 2001, equivalent to about 20% of the total population. For England and Wales together the equivalent proportion was about 18%.

There were about 241,000 people aged 75 and over in Wales in 2001, equivalent to about 8% of the total population. For England and Wales together the equivalent proportion was about 6%. *Table 1* shows a break down by age and sex for older people in Wales.

Table 1 : Older People in Wales

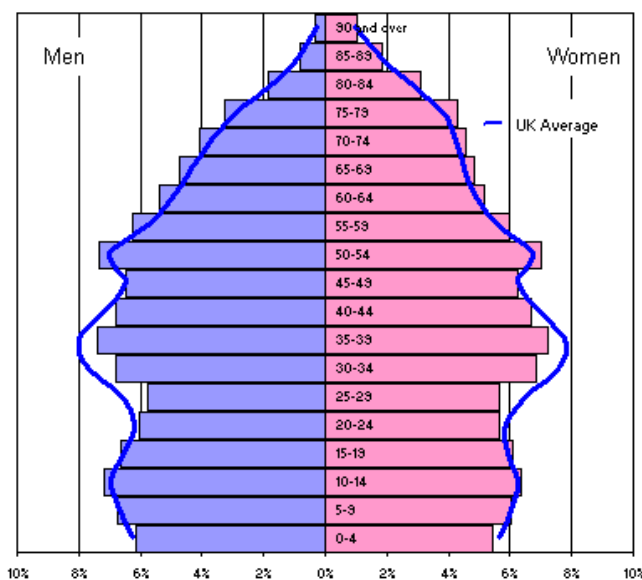
Age Group	Males	Females	All People	% of total Population
50-54	103,267	105,079	208,346	7.2%
55-59	87,518	89,324	176,842	6.1%
60-64	75,175	77,749	152,924	5.3%
65-74	123,551	140,640	264,191	9.1%
75-84	72,097	110,105	182,202	6.3%
85+	15,799	42,582	58,381	2.0%
All aged 50+	477,407	565,479	1,042,886	35.9%
All aged 60+	286,622	371,076	657,698	22.7%
All pensionable age	211,447	371,076	582,523	20.1%
All aged 75+	87,896	152,687	240,583	8.3%
All ages	1,403,782	1,499,303	2,903,085	

Source: Census of Population, 2001 Office for National Statistics Crown Copyright

Figure 1 shows the age structure of Wales compared with that of the UK for Males and Females. The figure shows that in general there were slightly lower proportions of younger people and slightly higher proportions of older people in Wales. *Annex A* shows the same information for each Unitary Authority. This shows those authorities that have above average proportions of older people including:

- ◆ Carmarthenshire
- ◆ Conwy
- ◆ Denbighshire
- ◆ Gwynedd
- ◆ Isle of Anglesey
- ◆ Monmouthshire
- ◆ Pembrokeshire
- ◆ Powys

Figure 1: Age Structure of Wales, 2001



Source: 2001 Census of Population, Office for National Statistics Crown Copyright

Map A shows the median age of the population for each Electoral Division in Wales in 2001. The median age for Wales as a whole was 39 years. The map shows that Electoral Divisions with a median age below the all Wales figure are particularly concentrated in south east Wales and the Valleys and in north east Wales.

Map B shows a further breakdown of median age by Electoral Division. The median age is highest in Electoral Divisions in parts of mid-Wales and coastal parts of west and north Wales.

Map C shows the number of people aged 50 and over living in each Electoral Division.

3 Ethnic Origin/Country of Birth/Religion

For the population of Wales as a whole, almost 98% were White and about 2% were of Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) Origin. For those aged 50 and over the proportion who were White was even higher (about 99%), with only about 1% of BME origin. For those aged 75 and over, only about 0.5% were of Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) origin.

Despite these low proportions, there were almost 4,000 pensioners living in Wales in 2001 who were of BME origin. Of these the largest number were Asian.

For those of pensionable age, about 97% were born in the United Kingdom, a similar proportion to the population as a whole. However a slightly larger proportion of pensioners in Wales were born in England (about 23%) compared with the population as a whole (20%).

For those of pensionable age born outside of the UK, the largest numbers were born in other European countries (especially Germany, Italy and Poland) and South Asia (especially India).

About 84% of people aged 50 and over stated their religion as Christian, compared with about 72% for the population as a whole. Only 2.5% of those aged 50 and over stated that they had no religion, compared with about 8% for the population as a whole. For those aged 50 and over who stated another religion, the largest number were Muslim (2,500).

4 Households

Just over one quarter of all households in Wales were households comprised of only people of pensionable age in 2001, a total of about 310,000 households. Of these, 39% were pensioners living alone and 60% were pensioners living as couples. In addition, there were 106,000 other households containing at least one pensioner and at least one other person of non-pensionable age.

Of those pensioners living alone in Wales, over 103,000 were aged 75 and over and more than 27,000 were aged 85 and over.

Map D shows the number of pensioner households³ by Electoral Division in Wales. The largest numbers of pensioner households were mostly in the urban areas of south Wales and parts of the valleys as well as in the coastal part of north Wales.

Map E shows pensioner households as a proportion of total households by Electoral Division in Wales. The largest proportions of pensioner households were mostly in parts of mid-Wales (especially on the coast of Gwynedd), the Swansea/Gower area, north Cardiff and the coastal parts of west and north Wales.

Certain parts of Wales have a large number of pensioner households (especially the more densely populated urban areas), whilst some areas (especially rural and coastal areas) have a high proportion of all households that contain pensioners.

In a few Electoral Divisions, there was a large number of pensioner households and these households accounted for more than 30% of all households. As *Map F and Annex B* show, these Electoral Divisions were mostly in coastal north Wales (Conwy and Denbighshire) and in a few Electoral Divisions in Carmarthenshire, Swansea, Cardiff, Newport, Bridgend, Neath Port Talbot and Torfaen.

³ A Household containing people of pensionable age only

5 Family Type

Table 2 shows the Family Type for people aged 50 and over living in Wales in 2001.

- ◆ For people aged 50 and over about 65% were a married or cohabiting couple family, about 24% were living alone and 5% (54,000) were a lone parent family.
- ◆ For those of pensionable age about 54% were a married or cohabiting couple family, about 32% were living alone and 5% (29,000) were a lone parent family.
- ◆ For those aged 75 and over about 36% were a married or cohabiting couple family, about 43% were living alone and 6% (14,000) were a lone parent family.
- ◆ For the population as a whole about 60% were a married or cohabiting couple family, about 12% were living alone and 13% were a lone parent family.

The number of pensioners and those aged over 75 who were classified as living in Lone Parent Families probably reflects households where at least one child has remained at home to care for an ageing parent.

Table 2: Family type for people aged 50 and over in Wales, 2001

Family Type	Age Group		
	Aged 50 and over	Pensionable age	Aged 75 and over
Lone parent family ⁴	53,646	28,668	14,014
Married couple family	646,391	306,646	84,879
Cohabiting couple family	30,259	8,900	2,186
Not living in a family but with others in the household	40,337	28,658	16,322
Living alone	247,664	186,875	103,443
Living in a Communal Establishment ⁵	24,589	22,776	19,739
Total	1,042,886	582,523	240,583

Source: Census of Population, 2001 Office for National Statistics Crown Copyright

⁴ Lone Parent Family is usually the father or mother with his or her children where the parent does not have a spouse or partner in the household and the child(ren) do not have a spouse, partner or child in the household. It also includes a lone grandparent with his or her grandchild(ren) where there are no children in the intervening generation in the household

⁵ Includes non-residents

6 Accommodation type

Table 3 shows the number of people aged 50 and over in Wales living in different types of accommodation in 2001.

- ◆ For people aged 50 and over about 89% lived in a house or bungalow, with about 8% living in a flat; maisonette or apartment and about 2% in a communal establishment.
- ◆ For those of pensionable age about 85% lived in a house or bungalow, with about 10% living in a flat; maisonette or apartment and about 4% in a communal establishment.
- ◆ For those aged 75 and over about 75% lived in a house or bungalow, with about 13% living in a flat; maisonette or apartment and about 8% in a communal establishment.
- ◆ For the population as a whole about 91% lived in a house or bungalow, with about 7% living in a flat; maisonette or apartment and about 1.5% in a communal establishment.

The proportion living in a house or bungalow generally decreases with age, whilst the proportion living in a flat; maisonette or apartment or in a communal establishment generally increases with age.

Table 3: People living in different accommodation types by age in Wales, 2001

Type	Age Group		
	Aged 50 and over	Pensionable age	Aged 75 and over
House or Bungalow	926,704	498,468	188,474
Flat; maisonette or apartment	86,621	58,490	31,474
Communal Establishment	24,589	22,776	19,739
Medical and Care Establishment	22,162	20,969	18,381
Other Establishment	2,427	1,807	1,358
Other	4,972	2,789	896
Total	1,042,886	582,523	240,583

Source: Census of Population, 2001 Office for National Statistics Crown Copyright

7 Tenure

Table 4 shows the number of people aged 50 and over in Wales living in different tenures of accommodation in 2001.

- ◆ For people aged 50 and over about 54% lived in a property that they owned outright in 2001, 23% lived in a property they owned with a mortgage or loan, 12% rented from the council, 2.5% were living in other social rented properties and 2% were living in a communal establishment.
- ◆ For those of pensionable age about 63% lived in a property that they owned outright in 2001, 10% lived in a property they owned with a mortgage or loan, 14% rented from the council, 3% were living in other social rented properties and 4% were living in a communal establishment.
- ◆ For those aged 75 and over about 58% lived in a property that they owned outright in 2001, 7% lived in a property they owned with a mortgage or loan, 16% rented from the council, 3% were living in other social rented properties and 8% were living in a communal establishment.
- ◆ For the population as a whole about 28% lived in a property that they owned outright in 2001, 44% lived in a property they owned with a mortgage or loan, 13% rented from the council, 4% were living in other social rented properties and 1.5% were living in a communal establishment.

Table 4: People living in different accommodation tenures by age in Wales, 2001

Tenure	Age Group		
	Aged 50 and over	Pensionable age	Aged 75 and over
Owns outright	564,415	368,771	140,697
Owns with a mortgage or loan	239,432	58,806	16,665
Shared ownership	3,263	1,798	800
Rented from council	123,921	79,688	37,686
Other social rented	25,824	15,682	7,649
Private rented	40,792	19,929	8,337
Living rent free	20,650	15,073	9,010
Living in a Communal Establishment	24,589	22,776	19,739
Total	1,042,886	582,523	240,583

Source: Census of Population, 2001 Office for National Statistics Crown Copyright

8 Amenities

Table 5 shows the number of people aged 50 and over in Wales who lived in a property without central heating in 2001.

- ◆ For people aged 50 and over about 8% (81,000) lived in a property without central heating.
- ◆ For those of pensionable age about 9% (51,000) lived in a property without central heating.
- ◆ For those aged 75 and over about 10% (24,000) lived in a property without central heating.
- ◆ For the population as a whole about 6% lived in a property without central heating.

Table 5: People aged 50 and over living in accommodation without central heating in Wales, 2001

Amenities	Age Group		
	Aged 50 and over	Pensionable age	Aged 75 and over
With central heating	936,962	509,003	196,964
Sole use of bath/shower and toilet	935,165	507,926	196,399
Does not have sole use of bath/shower and toilet	1,797	1,077	565
Without central heating	81,335	50,744	23,880
Sole use of bath/shower and toilet	79,847	49,760	23,324
Does not have sole use of bath/shower and toilet	1,488	984	556
Living in a Communal Establishment	24,589	22,776	19,739
Total	1,042,886	582,523	240,583

Source: Census of Population, 2001 Office for National Statistics Crown Copyright

Map G shows that highest numbers of people of pensionable age living without central heating were particularly concentrated in Rhondda Cynon Taf, Cardiff, Swansea and Conwy. There were also a number of rural Electoral Divisions in Gwynedd with more than 100 pensioners living in properties without central heating.

Annex C shows the Electoral Divisions with the largest numbers of people of pensionable age living in a property without central heating in 2001. These Electoral Divisions are mostly in Cardiff, Rhondda Cynon Taf, Caerphilly, Cardiff, Swansea and Conwy.

9 Occupancy Rating

The *Occupancy Rating* provides a measure of under-occupancy and overcrowding. A value of –1 implies that there is one room too few and that there is overcrowding. The occupancy rating assumes that every household, including one person households, require a minimum of two rooms (excluding a bathroom).

Table 6 shows the Occupancy Ratings for people over 50 living in Wales in 2001.

- ◆ For people aged 50 and over about 2.5% had an Occupancy Rating of –1 (i.e.: were living in over-crowded conditions) and about 66% had an Occupancy Rating of 2+ or more (i.e.: were living in under-occupied conditions).
- ◆ For those of pensionable age about 2% had an Occupancy Rating of –1 (i.e.: were living in over-crowded conditions) and about 65% had an Occupancy Rating of 2+ or more (i.e.: were living in under-occupied conditions).
- ◆ For those aged 75 and over about 3% had an Occupancy Rating of –1 (i.e.: were living in over-crowded conditions) and about 57% had an Occupancy Rating of 2+ or more (i.e.: were living in under-occupied conditions).
- ◆ For the population as a whole about 6% had an Occupancy Rating of –1 (i.e.: were living in over-crowded conditions) and about 52% had an Occupancy Rating of 2+ or more (i.e.: were living in under-occupied conditions).

Table 6: Number of people aged 50 and over - Occupancy Rating¹ in Wales, 2001

Occupancy Rating	Age Group			People
	Aged 50 and over	Pensionable age	Aged 75 and over	
+2 or more	689,641	375,541	136,501	
1	211,126	119,236	51,719	
0	91,623	51,671	26,140	
-1 or less	25,907	13,299	6,484	
Living in a Communal Establishment	24,589	22,776	19,739	
Total	1,042,886	582,523	240,583	

¹ The *Occupancy Rating* provides a measure of under-occupancy and overcrowding. A value of –1 implies that there is one room too few and that there is overcrowding. The occupancy rating assumes that every household, including one person households require a minimum of two rooms (excluding a bathroom).

Source: Census of Population, 2001 Office for National Statistics Crown Copyright

In general, therefore, a larger proportion of older people in Wales were living in under-occupied conditions than was the case for the population as a whole. This is partly a reflection of the fact that a larger proportion of older people were living in households with only one or two people in them. It may also reflect the fact that in some areas older people are still living in larger family homes.

10 Floor of accommodation

Table 7 shows the lowest floor level of accommodation for people over 50 living in Wales in 2001.

- ◆ For people aged 50 and over about 5.5% were living in first floor accommodation or above.
- ◆ For those of pensionable age about 6.0% were living in first floor accommodation or above.
- ◆ For those aged 75 and over about 7.5% were living in first floor accommodation or above.
- ◆ For the population as a whole just over 5% were living in first floor accommodation or above.

10.1 The slightly higher proportions of older people living above ground floor level is probably a reflection of the higher proportion of older people living in a flat; maisonette or apartment (see table 3 above).

Table 7: Lowest floor level of accommodation for people aged 50 and over in Wales, 2001

Lowest Floor Level	Age Group		
	Aged 50 and over	Pensionable age	Aged 75 and over
Basement or semi-basement	20,370	9,575	3,432
Ground floor	940,012	513,680	199,496
First floor	46,399	29,257	14,237
Second floor	7,620	4,747	2,404
Third or fourth floor	2,762	1,706	880
Fifth floor or higher	1,134	782	395
Living in a Communal Establishment	24,589	22,776	19,739
Total	1,042,886	582,523	240,583

Source: Census of Population, 2001 Office for National Statistics Crown Copyright

11 Health

Table 8 shows general health and limiting long term illness for people aged 50 and over living in Wales in 2001.

- ◆ For people aged 50 and over about 25% considered they were not in good health and 47% considered they had a limiting long term illness.
- ◆ For those of pensionable age about 28% considered they were not in good health and 56% considered they had a limiting long term illness.
- ◆ For those aged 75 and over about 34% considered they were not in good health and 68% considered they had a limiting long term illness.
- ◆ For the population as a whole about 12% considered they were not in good health and 23% considered they had a limiting long term illness.

As would be expected, overall general health generally deteriorates with age, whilst illness generally increases.

Table 8: General health and limiting long term illness for people aged 50 and over in Wales, 2001

	<u>Age Group</u>		
	Aged 50 and over	Pensionable age	Aged 75 and over
Good Health	418,608	187,355	60,138
Fairly Good Health	363,403	230,973	98,313
Not Good Health	260,875	164,195	82,132
Has a limiting long-term illness	488,610	328,532	163,104
Does not have a limiting long-term illness	554,276	253,991	77,479
Total	1,042,886	582,523	240,583

Source: Census of Population, 2001 Office for National Statistics Crown Copyright

12 Car Ownership

Table 9 shows car ownership for people aged 50 and over living in Wales in 2001.

- ◆ For people aged 50 and over about 24% have no car or van available to the household.
- ◆ For those of pensionable age about 33% have no car or van available to the household.
- ◆ For those aged 75 and over about 46% have no car or van available to the household.
- ◆ For the population as a whole about 18.5% have no car or van available to the household.

Access to a car or van in the household therefore generally declines with age.

Table 9: Car or van availability for people aged 50 and over in Wales, 2001

Car or Van Availability	Age Group		
	Aged 50 and over	Pensionable age	Aged 75 and over
No car or van in household	250,549	194,639	111,886
One car or van in household	484,605	282,526	90,478
Two or more cars or vans in household	283,143	82,582	18,480
Living in a Communal Establishment	24,589	22,776	19,739
Total	1,042,886	582,523	240,583

People

Source: Census of Population, 2001 Office for National Statistics Crown Copyright

13 Communal Establishments

There were about 40,000 people in Wales living as residents in Communal Establishments at the time of the 2001 Census. More than half of these people were aged 50 and over (21,500) and almost all of them had a Limiting Long-term Illness and were of pensionable age.

For people aged 50 and over living in Communal Establishments as residents, 86% (18,500) were living in Medical and Care Establishments. The majority of these were living in Private Nursing Homes (7,500), Private Residential Care Homes (5,800) or Local Authority Residential Care Homes (3,100), as Table 10 shows.



Table 10: Number of people aged 50 and over living as residents in Communal Establishments in Wales, 2001

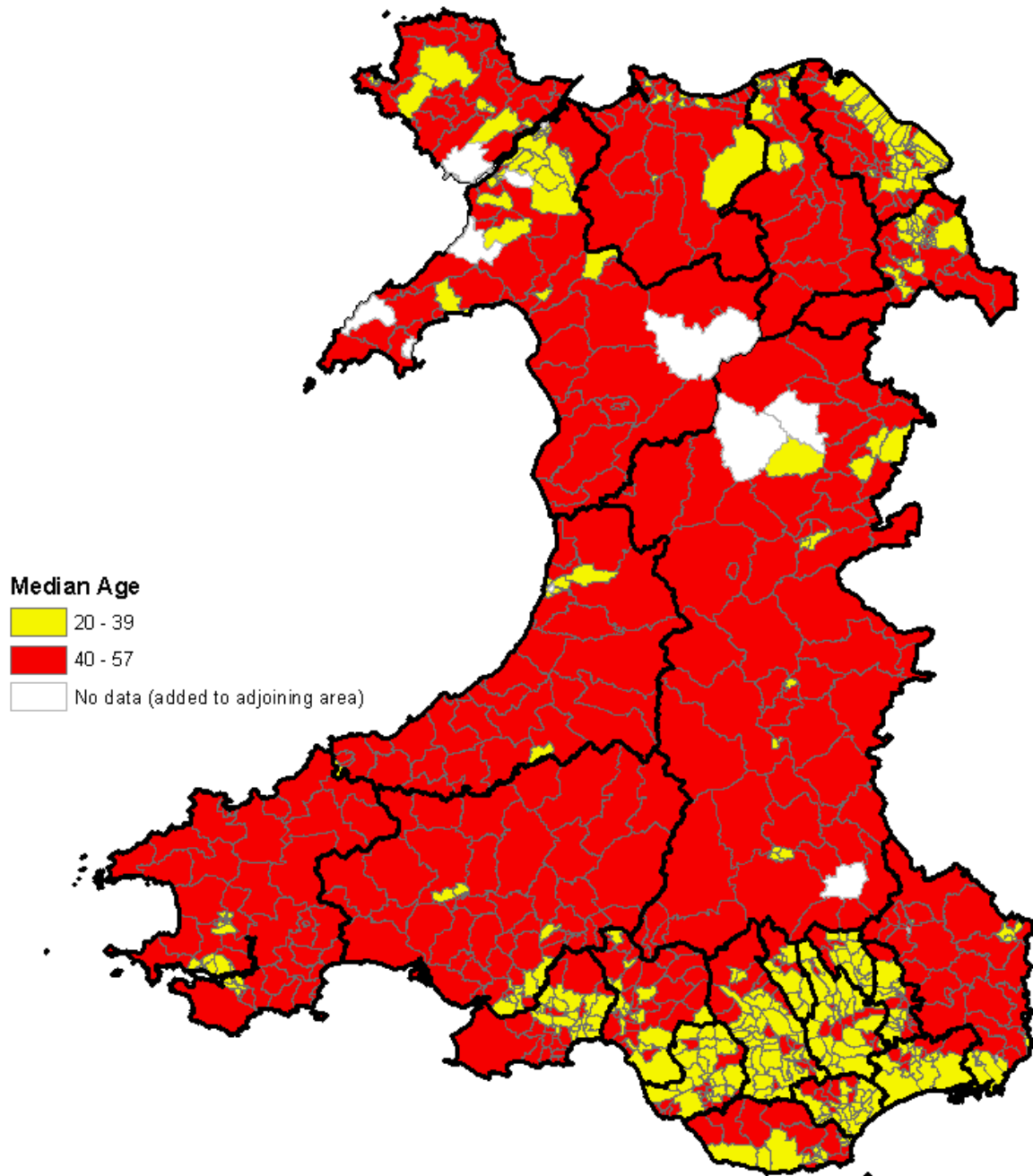
Type of Establishment	Age Group		
	Aged 50 and over	Pensionable age	Aged 75 and over
All Residents	21,548	20,034	17,401
With a limiting long-term illness	19,909	18,696	16,334
Medical and care establishments	18,448	17,492	15,363
NHS	1,157	1,027	808
Local Authority	3,132	3,035	2,713
Housing association	279	232	189
Other	13,880	13,198	11,653
Nursing home	7,508	7,218	6,356
Residential care home	5,827	5,523	4,949
Other	545	457	348
Other establishments	1,461	1,204	971
	0	0	0
Without a limiting long-term illness	1,639	1,338	1,067
Medical and care establishments	1,084	1,030	910
NHS	60	44	36
Local Authority	258	251	225
Housing association	19	19	13
Other	747	716	636
Nursing home	249	237	207
Residential care home	454	438	394
Other	44	41	35
Other establishments	555	308	157

Source: Census of Population, 2001 Office for National Statistics Crown Copyright

Map H shows the Electoral Divisions where the largest numbers of people of pensionable age living in Medical and Care Communal Establishments in Wales were to be found. *Annex D* shows the Electoral Divisions in with the largest numbers of people of pensionable age living in Medical and Care Communal Establishments in 2001. These Electoral Divisions are mostly in Swansea, Cardiff, Conwy, Vale of Glamorgan and Carmarthenshire.



MAP A : MEDIAN AGE OF THE POPULATION BY
ELECTORAL DIVISION, 2001



Median age for Wales as a whole = 39

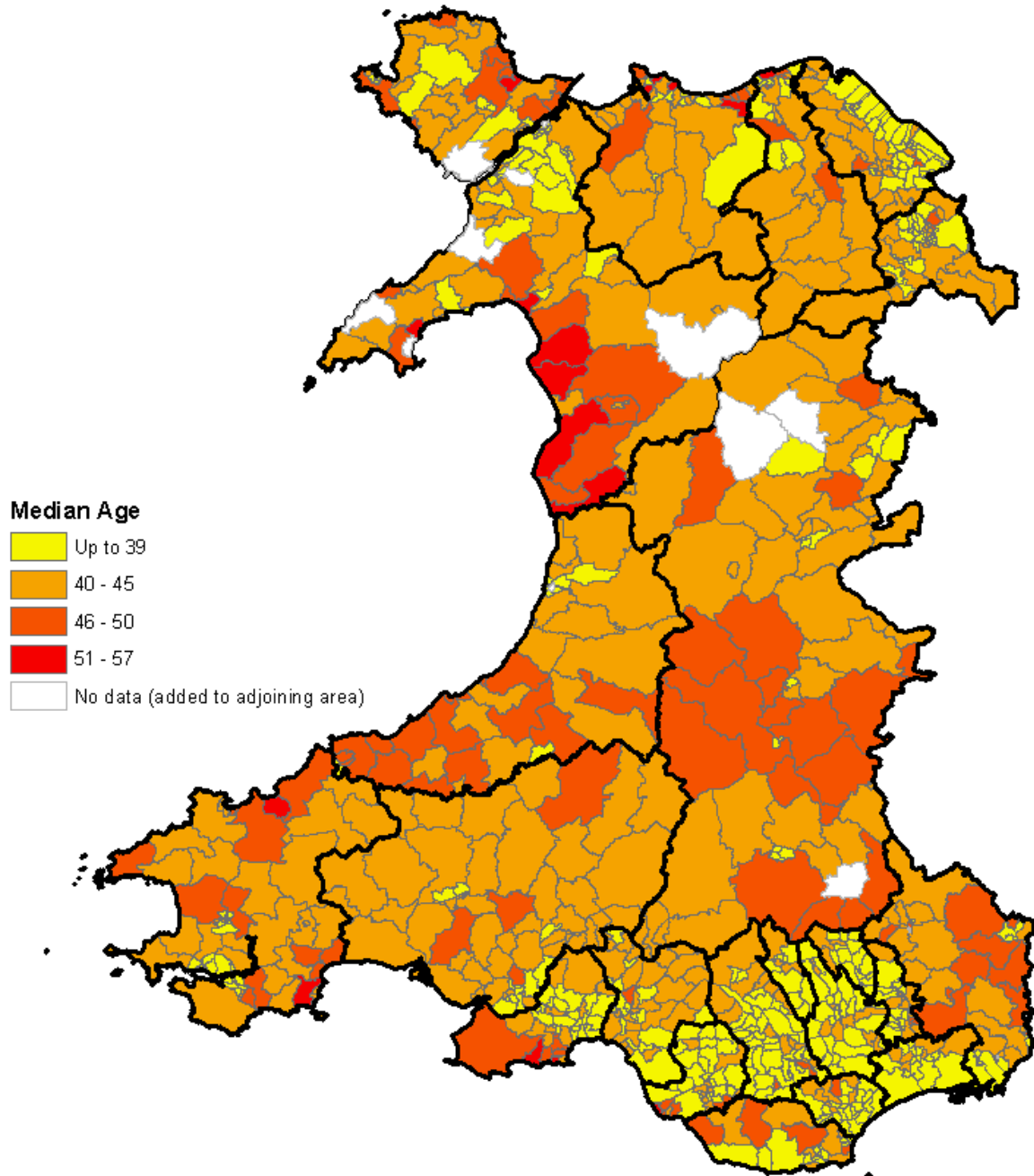
Source: 2001 Census of Population
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MAP B : MEDIAN AGE OF THE POPULATION BY
ELECTORAL DIVISION, 2001



Median age for Wales as a whole = 39

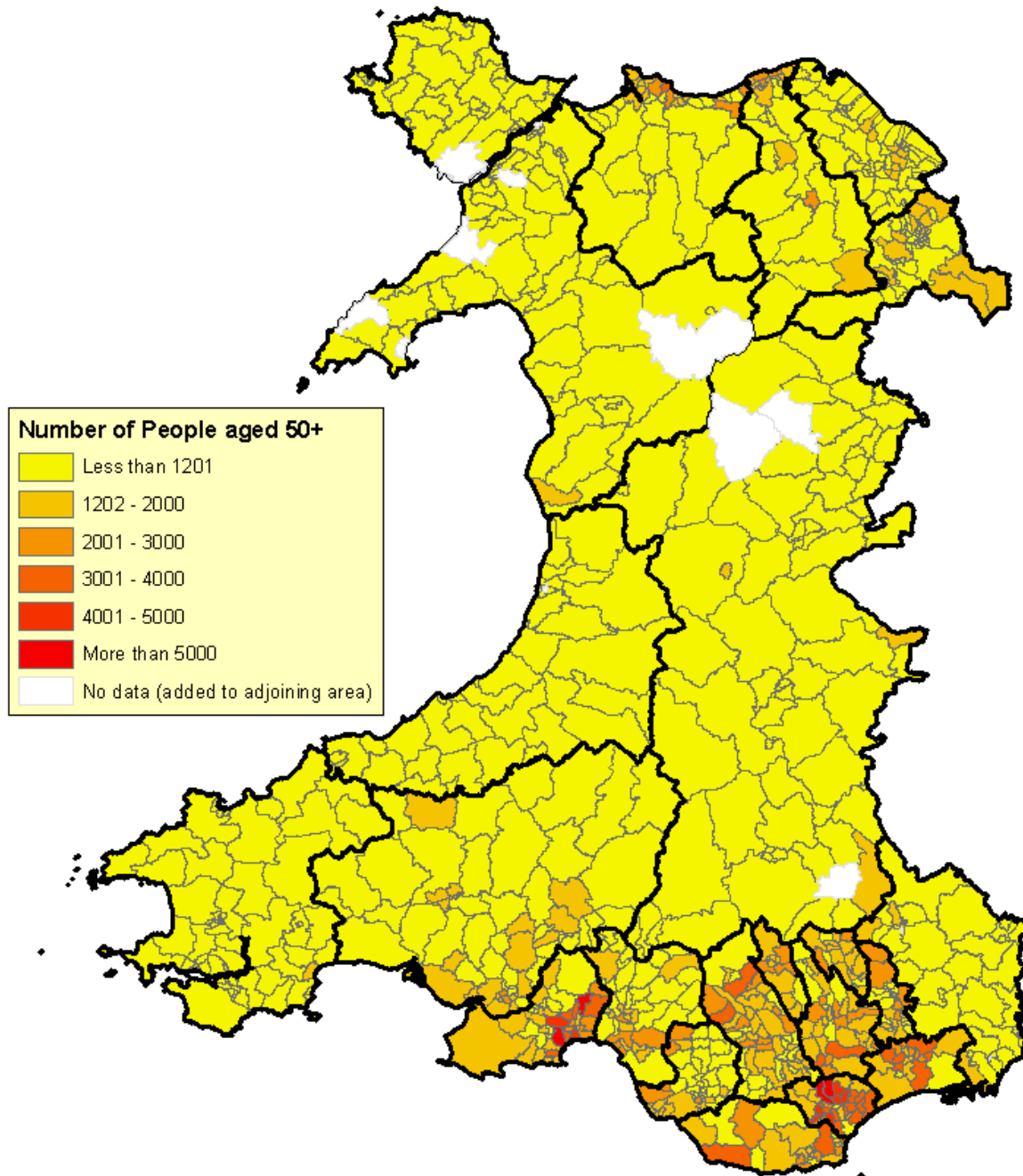
Source: 2001 Census of Population
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MAP C : POPULATION AGED 50 AND OVER BY ELECTORAL DIVISION, 2001



Average number of People aged 50 and over per
Electoral Division = 1,201

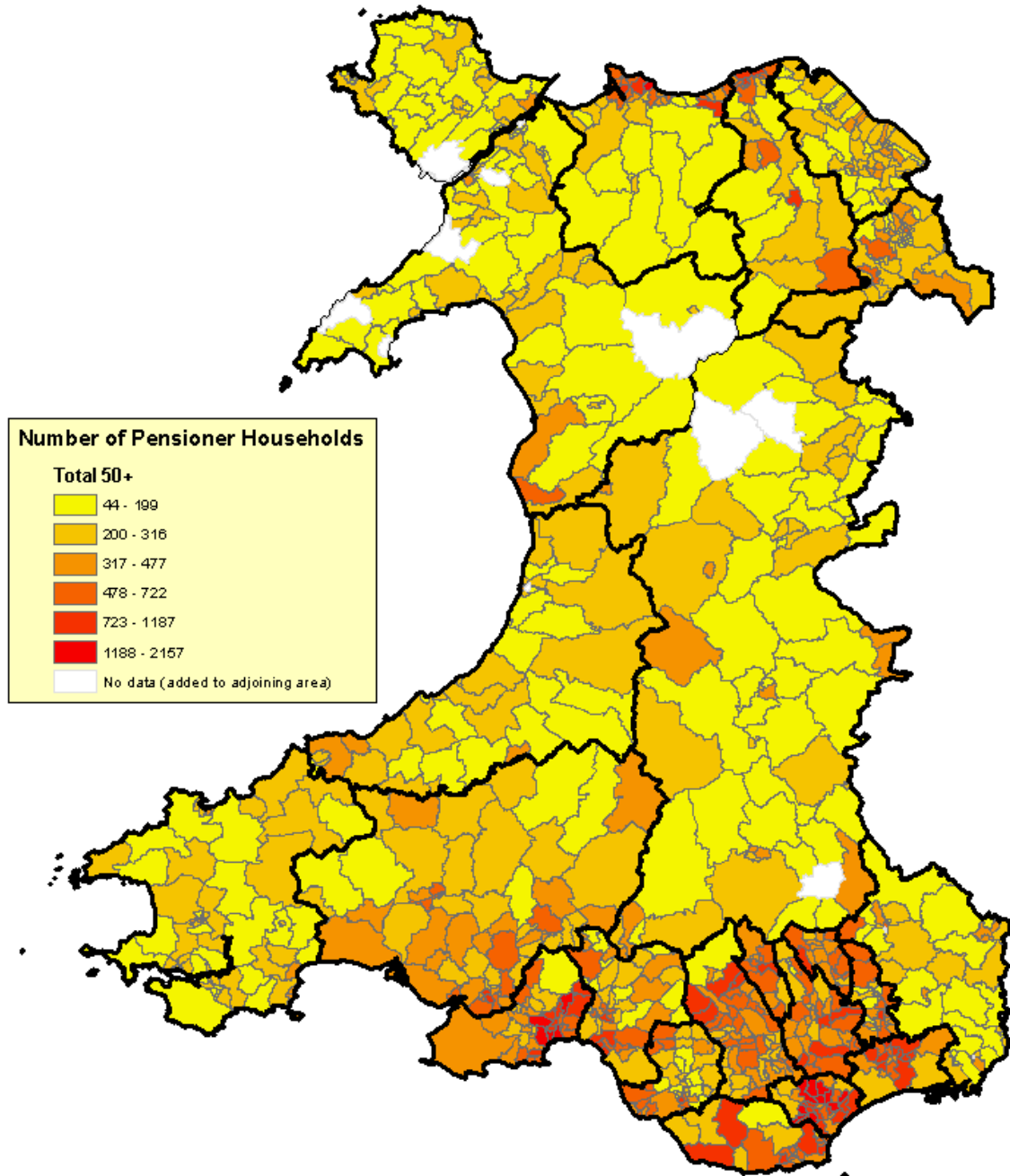
Source: 2001 Census of Population
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MAP D : NUMBER OF PENSIONER HOUSEHOLDS BY ELECTORAL DIVISION, 2001



Total number of Pensioner Households in Wales = 309,600

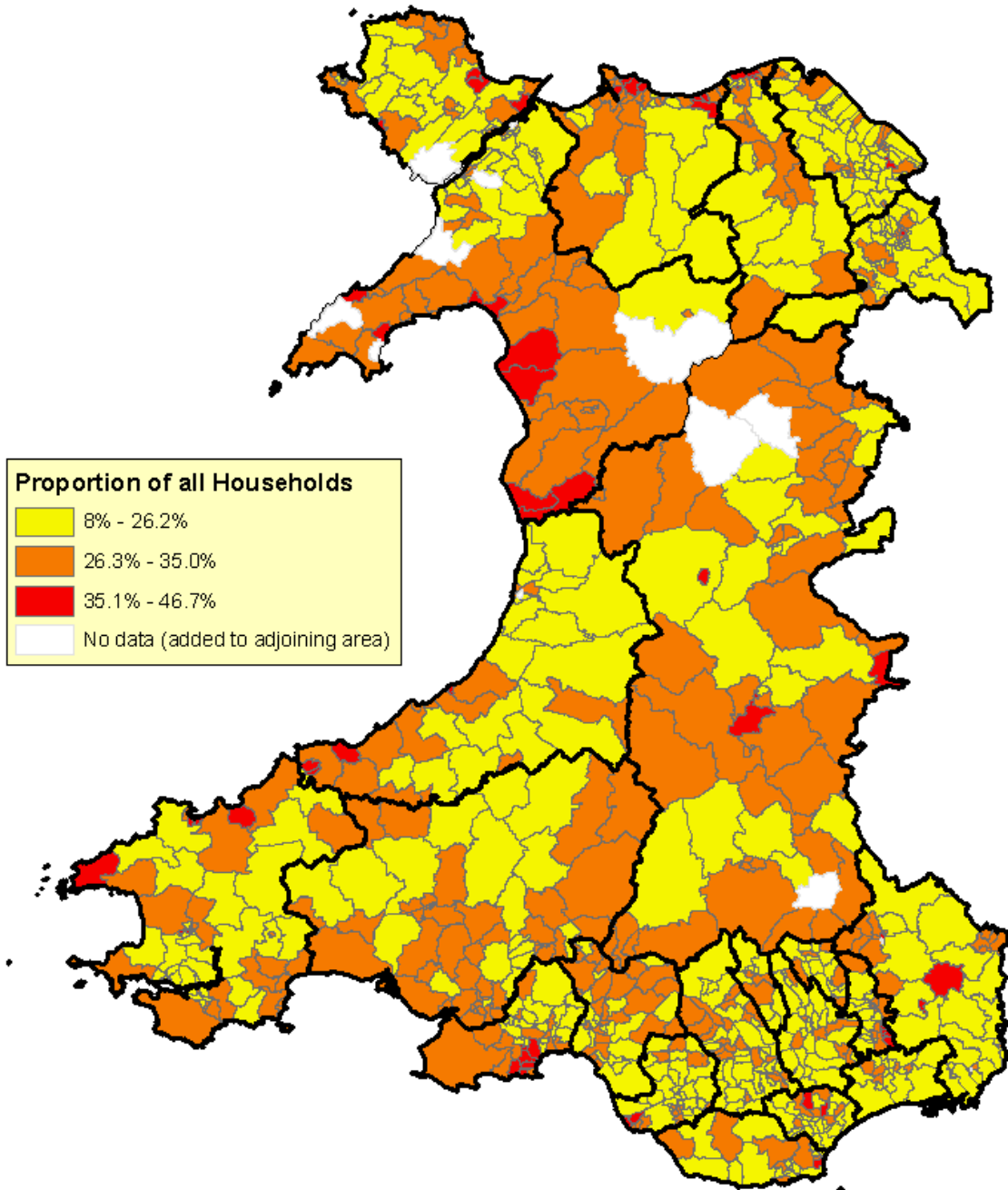
Source: 2001 Census of Population
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MAP E : PROPORTION OF ALL HOUSEHOLDS THAT ARE
PENSIONER HOUSEHOLDS
ELECTORAL DIVISION, 2001



Average proportion per Electoral Division = 26.2%

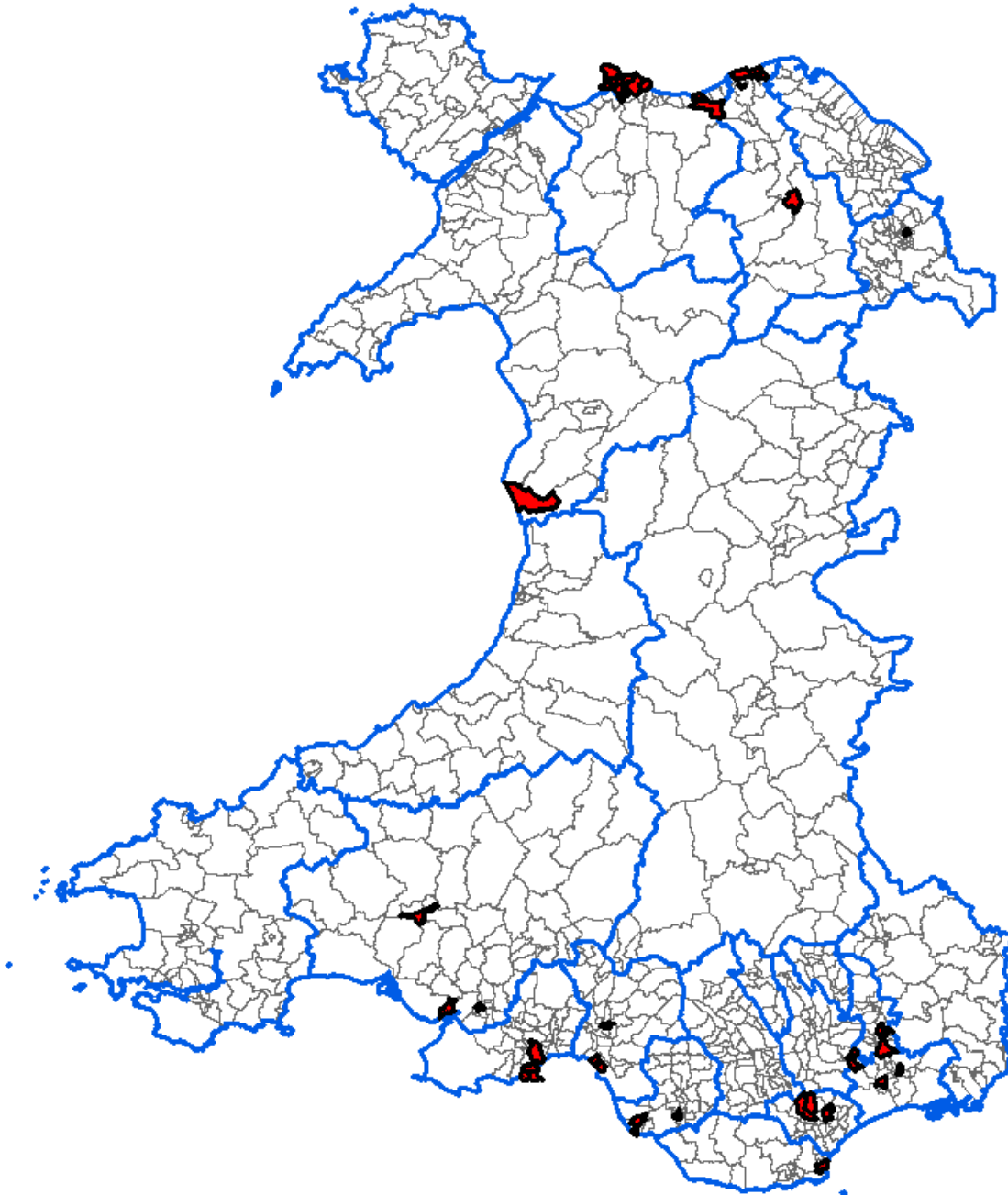
Source: 2001 Census of Population
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MAP F : ELECTORAL DIVISIONS WITH MORE THAN 500
PENSIONER HOUSEHOLDS, WHICH REPRESENT MORE THAN
30% OF ALL HOUSEHOLDS, 2001



Average Proportion per Electoral Division in Wales = 26.2%
Average number of Pensioner Households per
Electoral Division = 351

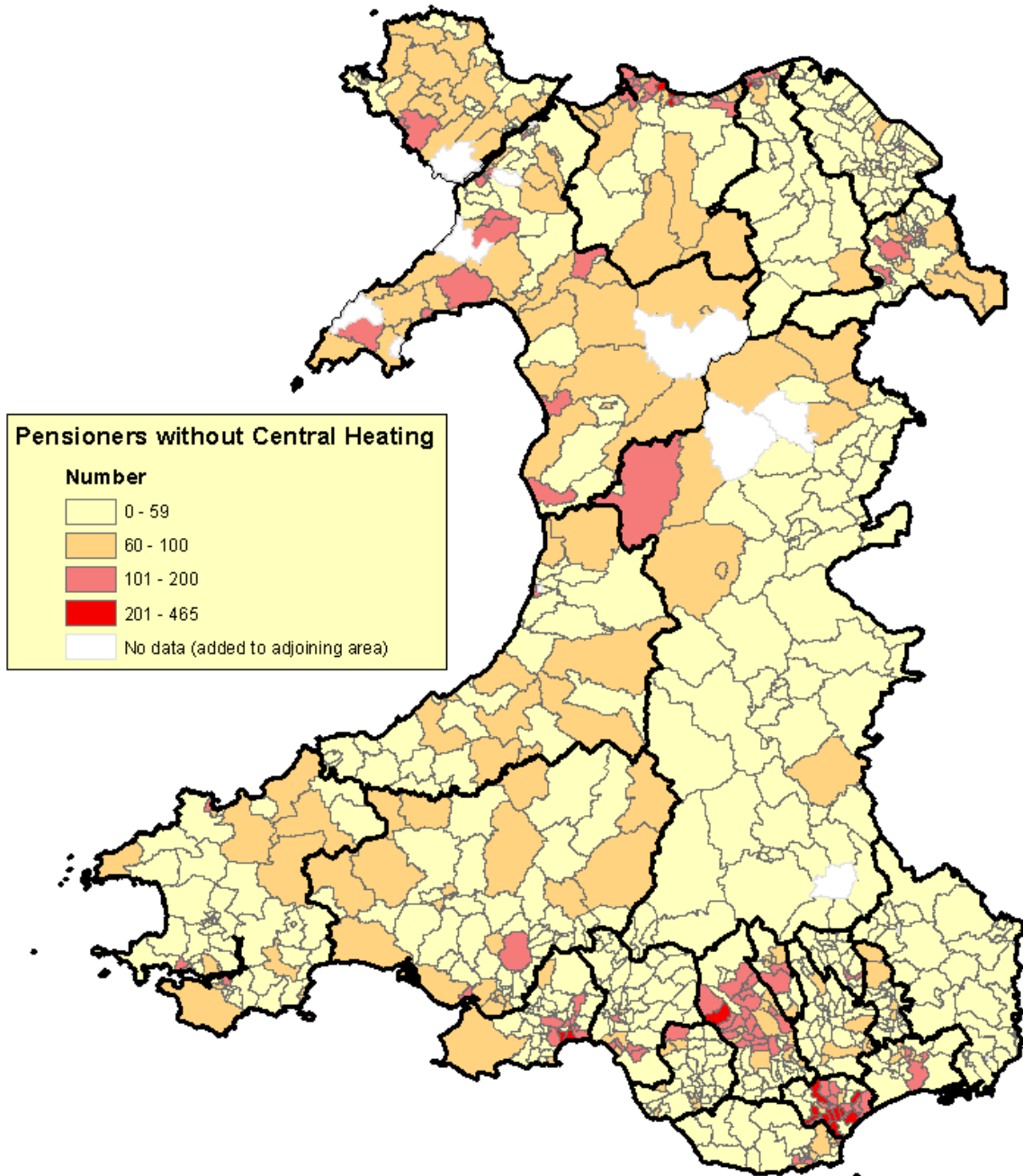
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MAP G : NUMBER OF PEOPLE OF PENSIONABLE AGE LIVING IN
PROPERTY WITHOUT CENTRAL HEATING BY
ELECTORAL DIVISION, 2001



Average number of People of Pensionable age
without Central Heating
per Electoral Division = 59

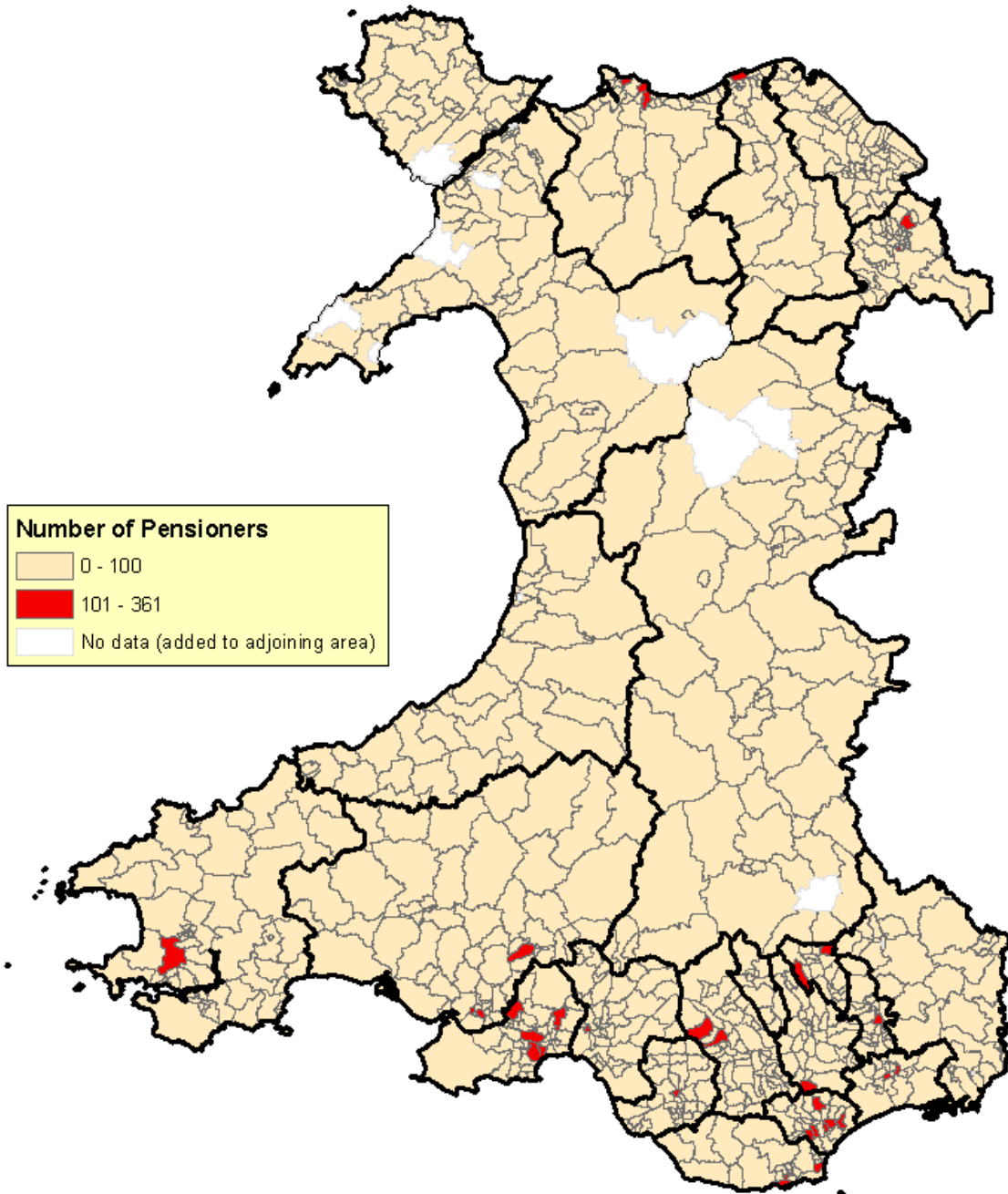
Source: 2001 Census of Population
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MAP H : NUMBER OF PEOPLE OF PENSIONABLE AGE LIVING IN
MEDICAL AND CARE ESTABLISHMENTS BY
ELECTORAL DIVISION, 2001



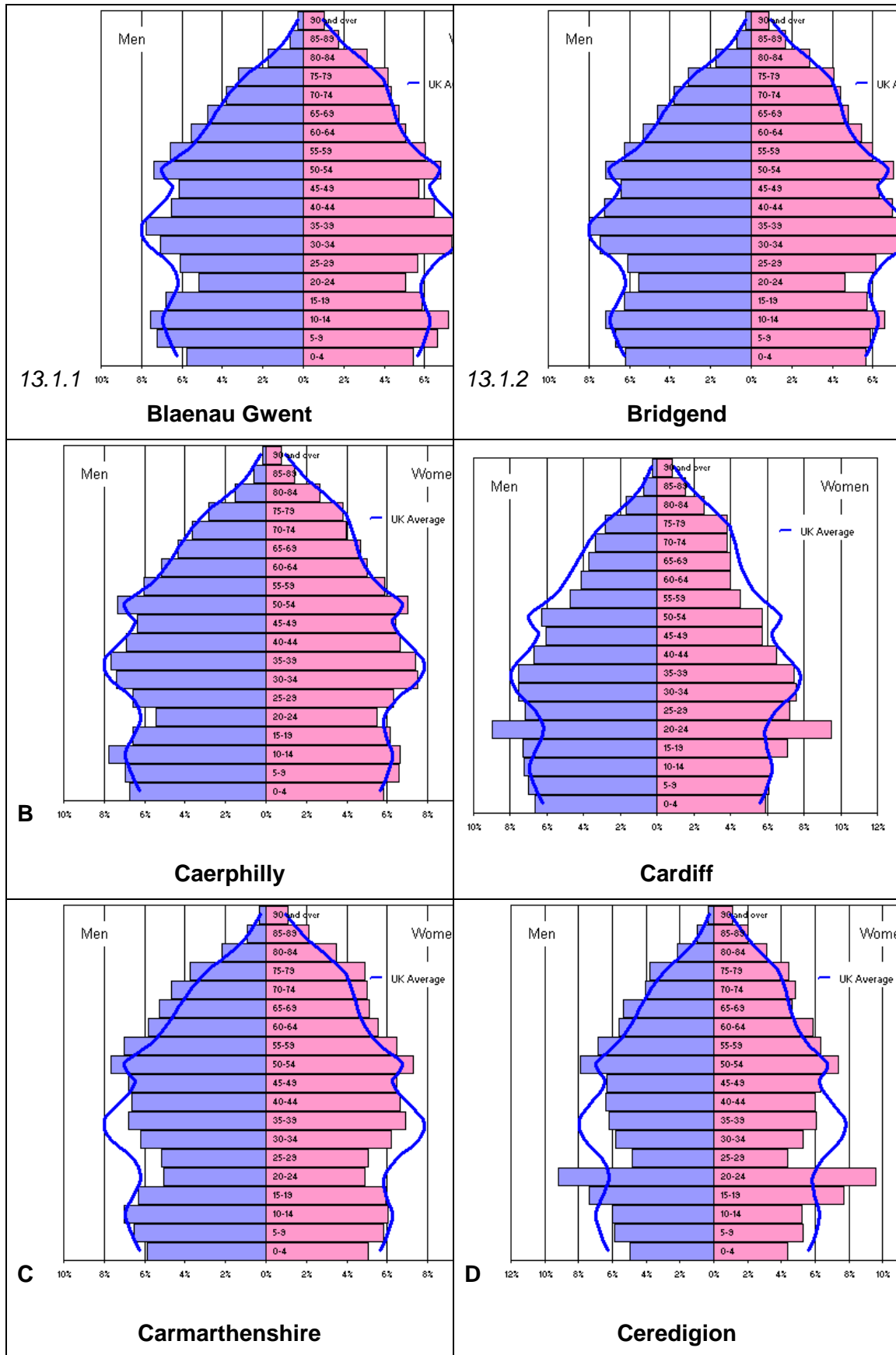
Average number of People of Pensionable age
living in Medical and Care establishments
per Electoral Division = 24

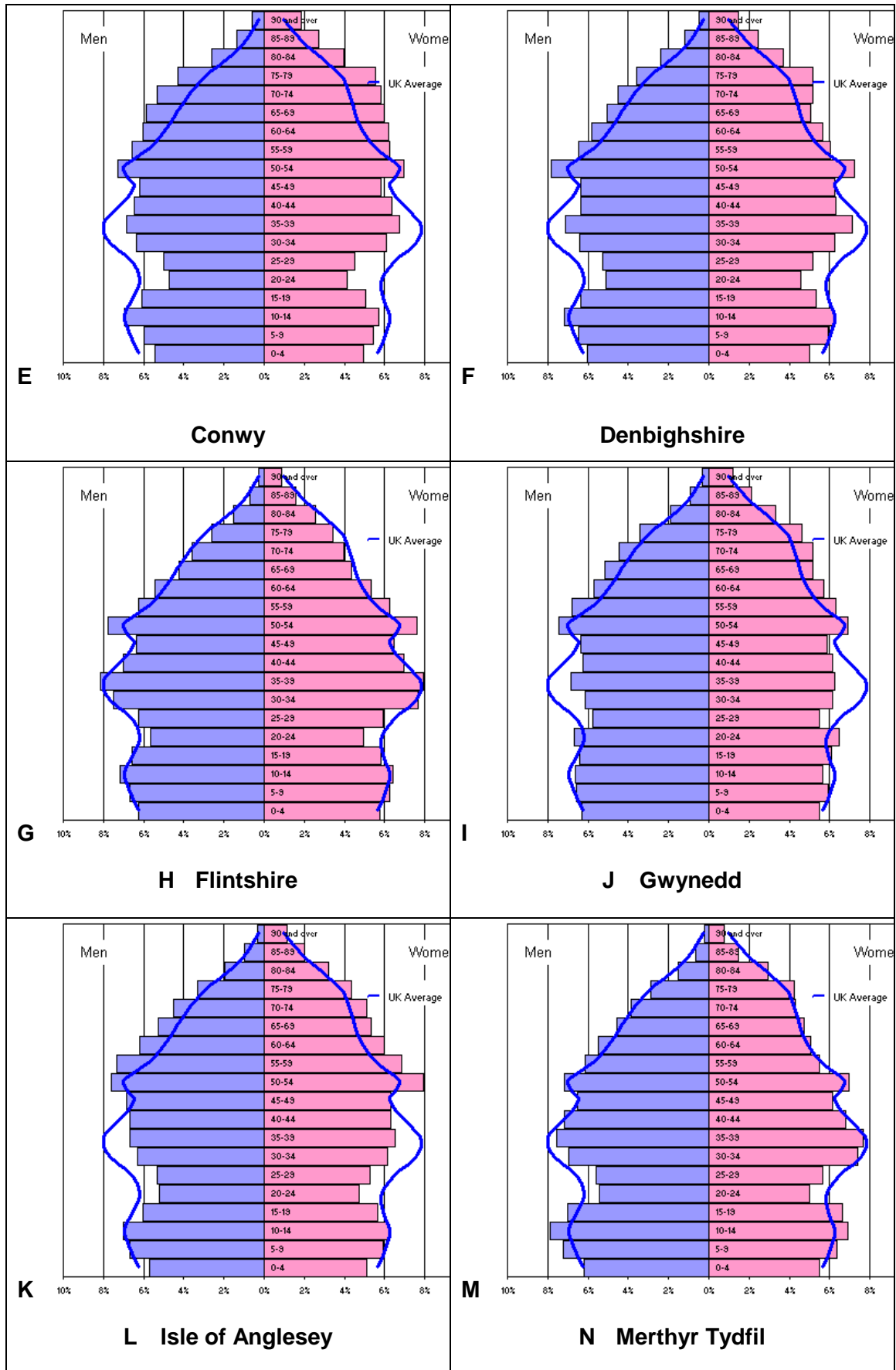
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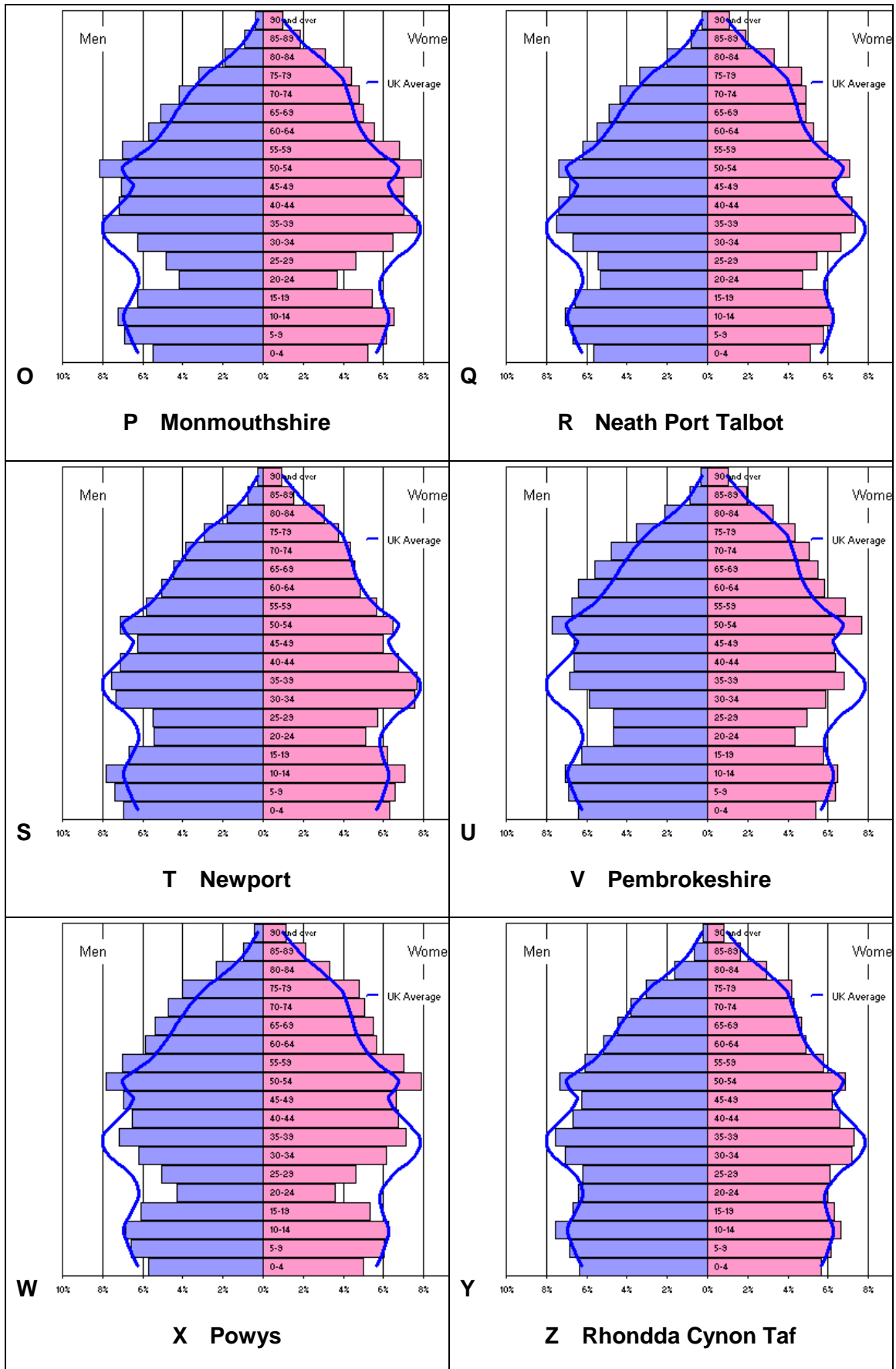
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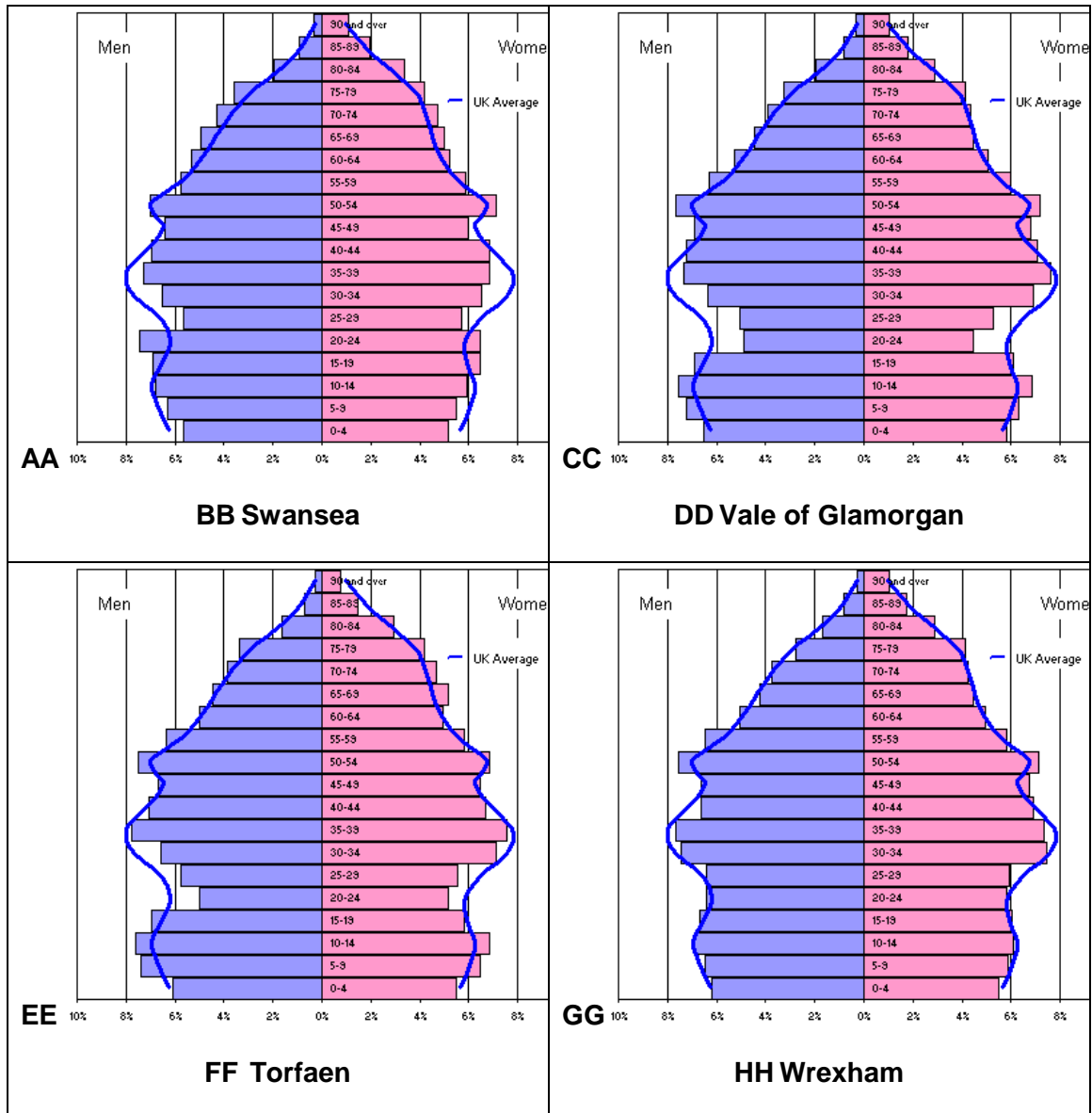


A Annex A: Age structure by Unitary Authority, 2001









II

Source: 2001 Census of Population, Office for National Statistics Crown Copyright



Annex B: Electoral Divisions in Wales with the largest numbers of pensioner households^a

Electoral Division	Unitary Authority	Pensioner Households	Proportion of all Households
Sketty	Swansea	2157	36.7
Whitchurch and Tongwynlais	Cardiff	2143	31.8
Rhiwbina	Cardiff	1972	39.9
Llandrillo yn Rhos	Conwy	1584	46.7
Cyncoed	Cardiff	1483	35.4
West Cross	Swansea	1187	39.4
Gaer	Newport	1165	30.6
Prestatyn North	Denbighshire	1008	42.1
Beechwood	Newport	992	30.6
Gele	Conwy	991	46.6
Sandfields East	Neath Port Talbot	901	32.0
Penrhyn	Conwy	877	40.4
Sandfields West	Neath Port Talbot	867	30.3
Ruthin	Denbighshire	819	34.9
Rhyl East	Denbighshire	806	40.1
Pontnewydd	Torfaen	799	30.1
Newcastle	Bridgend	780	34.9
Lliedi	Carmarthenshire	757	33.8
Plymouth	The Vale of Glamorgan	747	36.5
Deganwy	Conwy	744	42.7
Risca West	Caerphilly	681	30.2
Llantarnam	Torfaen	660	32.0
Tudno	Conwy	656	31.1
Neath North	Neath Port Talbot	643	35.0
Oystermouth	Swansea	627	32.2
Burry Port	Carmarthenshire	626	33.2
Craig-y-Don	Conwy	623	38.9
Rhyl South	Denbighshire	605	36.4
Gogarth	Conwy	602	33.9
Pentre Mawr	Conwy	592	38.2
Carmarthen Town South	Carmarthenshire	584	33.3
Mostyn	Conwy	578	34.9
Prestatyn South West	Denbighshire	577	36.8
Tywyn	Gwynedd	567	38.6
Porthcawl West Central	Bridgend	541	34.9
Croesyceiliog North	Torfaen	540	35.3
Nottage	Bridgend	539	37.2
Marl	Conwy	537	33.9
Prestatyn Central	Denbighshire	534	34.9
Acton	Wrexham	505	37.3
Newton	Swansea	501	35.5
Average per Electoral Division for Wales		351	26.2
All Wales total		309,563	25.6

^a a pensioner household is a household that comprises people of pensionable age only
Source: Census of Population, 2001 Office for National Statistics Crown Copyright



Annex C: Electoral Divisions in Wales with the largest numbers of people of pensionable age living in a property without Central Heating

Electoral Division	Unitary Authority	Pensionable age	<i>People</i>
			Aged 75 and over
Grangetown	Cardiff	465	218
Canton	Cardiff	427	225
Plasnewydd	Cardiff	359	181
Splott	Cardiff	343	145
Cathays	Cardiff	333	182
Llanrumney	Cardiff	287	140
Uplands	Swansea	280	163
Treorchy	Rhondda Cynon Taf	275	152
Whitchurch and Tongwynlais	Cardiff	264	151
Fairwater	Cardiff	262	128
Riverside	Cardiff	252	120
Rhyl South West	Denbighshire	248	94
Castle	Swansea	238	124
Ely	Cardiff	237	80
Llandrillo yn Rhos	Conwy	226	107
Glyn	Conwy	201	74
Treherbert	Rhondda Cynon Taf	192	101
Llandaff North	Cardiff	190	108
Cwmbwrla	Swansea	189	113
St. Thomas	Swansea	180	85
Adamsdown	Cardiff	179	81
Llanishen	Cardiff	174	104
Morrison	Swansea	173	99
Ystrad	Rhondda Cynon Taf	172	82
Colwyn	Conwy	166	66
Mostyn	Conwy	166	64
Pwllheli North	Gwynedd	165	79
Conwy	Conwy	162	80
Pentre	Rhondda Cynon Taf	161	93
Average per Electoral Division for Wales		59	28
All Wales total		50,744	23,880

Source: Census of Population, 2001 Office for National Statistics Crown Copyright



Annex D: Electoral Divisions in Wales with the largest numbers of people of pensionable age living in Medical and Care Communal Establishments^a

Electoral Division	Unitary Authority	Pensionable age	<i>People</i>
			Aged 75 and over
Sketty	Swansea	361	315
Rhyl East	Denbighshire	294	249
Llandrillo yn Rhos	Conwy	279	254
Plymouth	Vale of Glamorgan	246	219
Rhiw	Conwy	236	202
Plasnewydd	Cardiff	231	189
Riverside	Cardiff	181	161
Baruc	Vale of Glamorgan	180	164
Uplands	Swansea	176	134
Buttrills	Vale of Glamorgan	174	155
Llanishen	Cardiff	173	159
Morrison	Swansea	170	151
Ynysawdre	Bridgend	156	136
Panteg	Torfaen	151	123
Craig-y-Don	Conwy	150	146
Rumney	Cardiff	150	130
Tredegar Central and West	Blaneau Gwent	134	105
Erddig	Wrexham	132	113
Brynmaur	Blaneau Gwent	131	118
Ystrad	Rhondda Cynon Taf	130	111
Canton	Cardiff	129	113
Bigyn	Carmarthenshire	125	102
Cockett	Swansea	125	107
Penyrheol	Swansea	123	103
Treorchy	Rhondda Cynon Taf	118	94
Beechwood	Newport	117	102
Stow Hill	Newport	117	105
Gresford East and West	Wrexham	114	108
Saron	Carmarthenshire	111	100
Elli	Carmarthenshire	107	93
Penylan	Cardiff	105	101
Johnston	Pembrokeshire	102	90
Coedffranc Central	Neath Port Talbot	102	92
St. Martins	Caerphilly	102	88
Castle	Swansea	100	75
Gaer	Newport	100	95
Average per Electoral Division for Wales		24	21
All Wales total		20,969	18,381

^a Includes a small number of non-residents

Source: Census of Population, 2001 Office for National Statistics Crown Copyright

Sources: Census of Population, 2001 Office for National Statistics. (Key Statistics Tables, Standard Tables and Theme Tables.)
Office for National Statistics web-site