

NHS Referral to Treatment Waiting Times

July 2015

Introduction

This briefing provides information on the performance of Local Health Boards (LHBs) against the Welsh Government targets for NHS treatment waiting times. Most NHS waiting times in Wales are measured against the time from referral to treatment (RTT), although there are a number of exceptions.¹ **The RTT is the period of time from referral, by a GP or other medical practitioner, to hospital for treatment.**²

The current Welsh Government targets for NHS RTT waiting times are to ensure that:

- **At least 95 percent of patients waiting to start treatment must have waited less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment**
- **100 per cent of patients not treated within 26 weeks must be treated in 36 weeks.**

¹ The targets apply to the majority of referrals to NHS hospitals for treatment; however there are a number of exceptions. In addition, some conditions such as cancer have their own specific target, and are therefore not included in the general targets. Further information on referral to treatment targets is available at: Welsh Government, [Waiting Times for NHS Services: Frequently Asked Questions](#), 9 June 2011 [accessed 9 July 2015]

² Welsh Government, [Referral to Treatment Times, May 2015](#), 9 July 2015 [accessed 9 July 2015]

The Welsh Government measures progress against these targets each month, and the figures used **are those for patients waiting to start treatment at the end of the month**. Separate figures for patients treated during each month are published,³ but as these are not covered by the targets they have not been included in this release. The LHB figures included in this release are for patients treated by each LHB rather than the LHB they live in.

NHS Referral to Treatment Waiting Times in May 2015

Table 1 and figures 1 and 2 show performance against the 26 and 36 week referral to treatment waiting time targets for each LHB, and for the whole of Wales, using the latest figures from May 2015.⁴ It can be seen from table 1 and figures 1 and 2 that:

- In May 2015, neither the 26 week nor 36 week targets were met on an All Wales basis.
- **Powys Teaching Health Board** achieved both the 26 week and the 36 week referral to treatment waiting time target in May 2015.
- **Hywel Dda Health Board** was the worst performing LHB for both the 26 week target and the 36 week target.

³ *ibid*

⁴ *ibid*



Table 1: Performance against waiting time targets at end of May 2015 (a), (c),

Local Health Board	Under 26 weeks		Under 36 weeks (b)		Over 36 weeks	Total patients waiting for treatment
	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	
Abertawe Bro Morgannwg	65,389	82.7	72,680	91.9	6,427	79,107
Aneurin Bevan	68,965	85.8	77,092	95.9	3,313	80,405
Betsi Cadwaladr	74,389	86.0	82,394	95.3	4,070	86,464
Cardiff and Vale	69,752	83.2	79,764	95.2	4,053	83,817
Cwm Taf	33,455	83.0	38,398	95.2	1,927	40,325
Hywel Dda	46,904	78.9	53,683	90.4	5,729	59,412
Powys	5,484	99.9	5,490	100.0	.	5,490
Wales	364,338	83.8	409,501	94.1	25,519	435,020

Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales, **Patients waiting to start treatment by latest month, local health board and weeks waiting**,

Notes:

- (a) This includes patients who are waiting for cardiac treatment. Cardiac RTT is defined differently from the rest of RTT; please refer to the **Referral to Treatment Time quality report** for further details.
- (b) The figures for patients waiting under 36 weeks for treatment include those waiting under 26 weeks and between 26 and 36 weeks for treatment.
- (c) The values in the purple shaded boxes met the referral to treatment waiting time target in May 2015.

Figure 1: Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks for treatment at end of May 2015

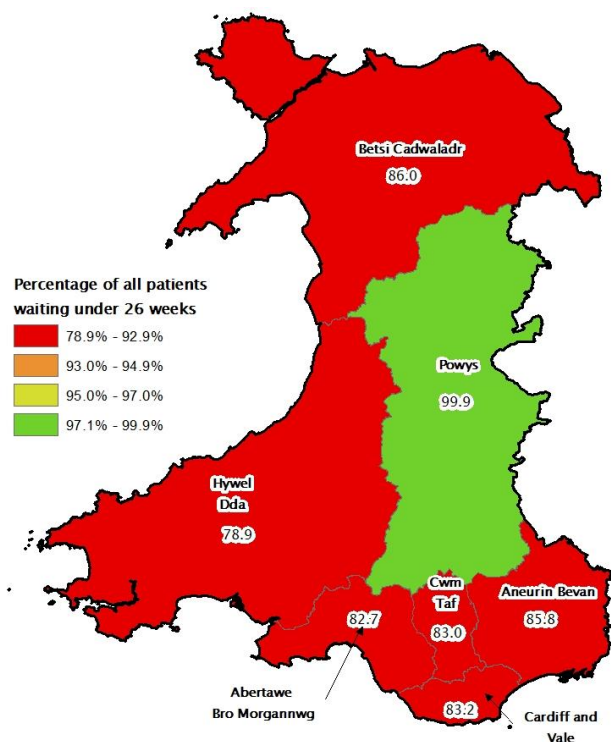
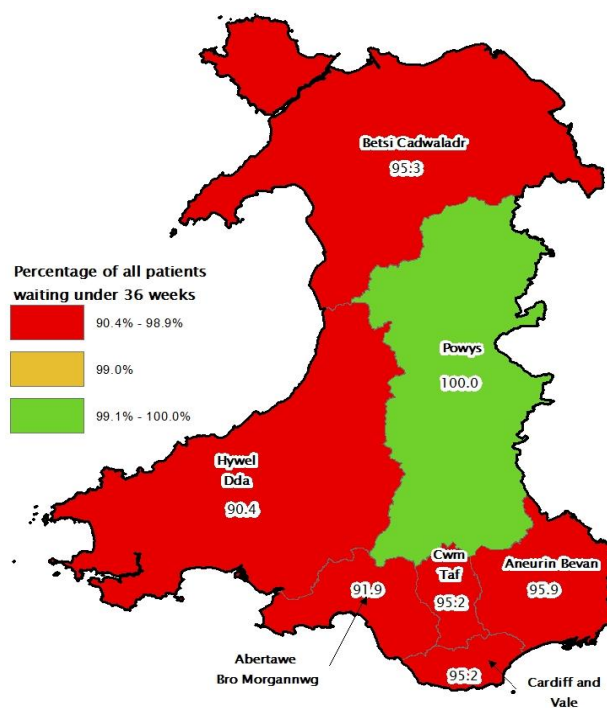


Figure 2: Percentage of patients waiting less than 36 weeks for treatment at end of May 2015



Source: Statswales

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Contains Ordnance Survey data.

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Performance against RTT waiting time targets since May 2014

Table 2 and figure 3 focus on the performance against the referral to treatment waiting time targets, on an All Wales basis since May 2014.⁵

It can be seen from table 2 and figure 3 that:

- **Neither target has been met in any month** at an All Wales level between May 2014 and May 2015.
- The percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks for treatment in May 2015 was 1.1 percentage points lower than in April, the lowest since figures started to be produced in the current format in September 2011.
- The percentage of patients waiting less than 36 weeks for treatment in May 2015 was 0.6 percentage points lower than in April, the lowest since figures started to be produced in the current format in September 2011.
- The number of patients waiting over 36 weeks for treatment was 10,000 more than in May 2014. It was the highest since figures started to be produced in the current format in September 2011.
- The number of people waiting for treatment at the end of May 2015 was over 4,500 more than in May 2014.⁶

Table 2: Performance against waiting time targets, on All Wales basis, May 2014 to May 2015 (a), (b)

Date	Under 26 weeks		Under 36 weeks (b)		Over 36 weeks	Total patients waiting for treatment
	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	
May 2014	371,205	86.3	414,864	96.4	15,498	430,362
June 2014	379,870	87.3	418,716	96.2	16,400	435,116
July 2014	378,301	87.2	416,090	95.9	17,649	433,739
August 2014	377,013	86.0	418,440	95.4	20,151	438,591
September 2014	371,137	85.7	414,059	95.7	18,810	432,869
October 2014	371,960	86.2	411,718	95.4	19,785	431,503
November 2014	365,859	86.3	404,032	95.4	19,679	423,711
December 2014	357,848	85.1	399,259	95.0	21,226	420,485
January 2015	349,674	84.3	391,101	94.3	23,521	414,622
February 2015	354,687	85.3	392,499	94.4	23,238	415,737
March 2015	360,496	86.2	399,444	95.5	18,938	418,382
April 2015	364,092	84.9	406,166	94.7	22,753	428,919
May 2015	364,338	83.8	409,501	94.1	25,519	435,020

Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales, [Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks](#)

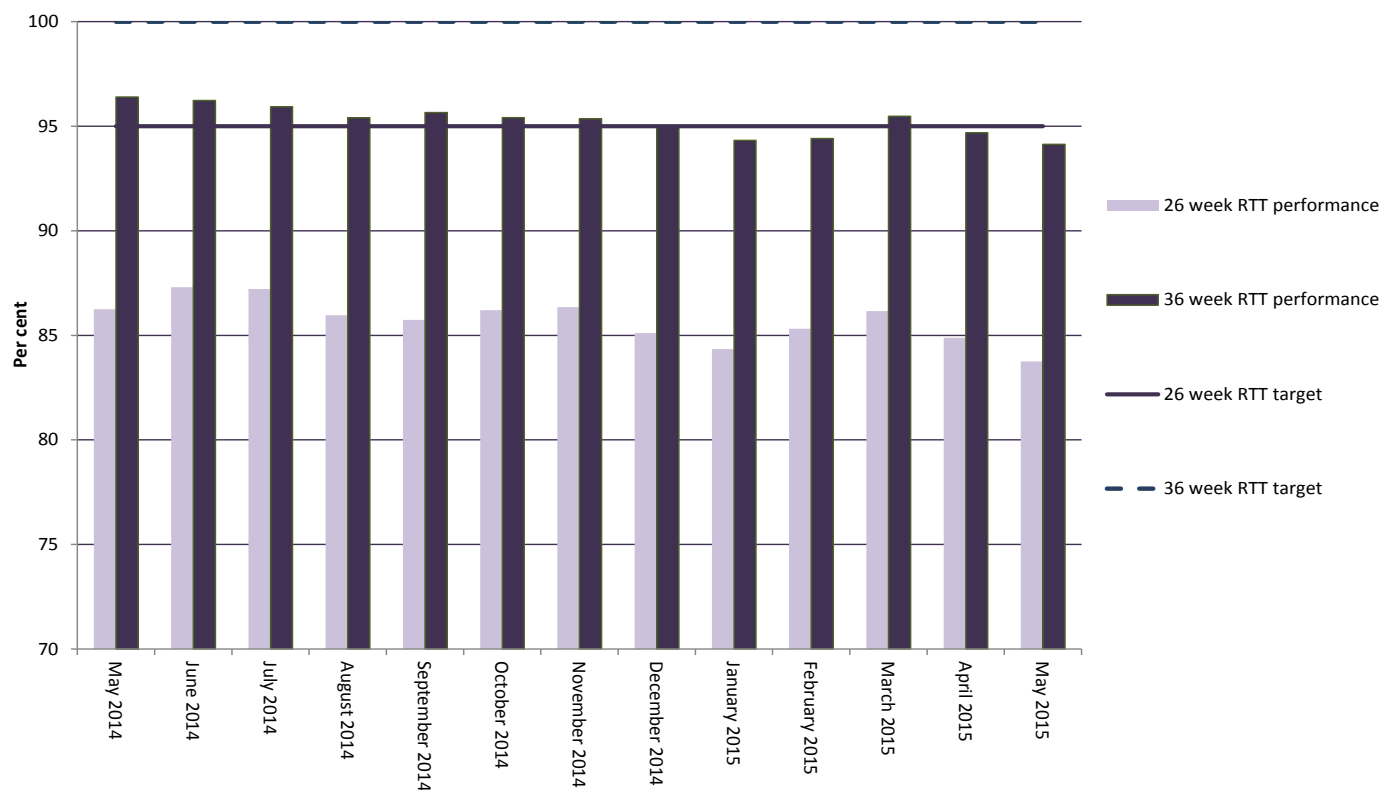
Notes:

- (a) This includes patients who are waiting for cardiac treatment. Cardiac RTT is defined differently from the rest of RTT; please refer to the [Referral to treatment time quality report](#) for further details.
- (b) The figures for patients waiting under 36 weeks for treatment include those waiting under 26 weeks and between 26 and 36 weeks for treatment.

⁵ Welsh Government, Stats Wales, [Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks](#) [accessed 9 July 2015]

⁶ Ibid

Figure 3: Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 and 36 weeks at end of month from May 2014 to May 2015



Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales, [Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks](#)

Notes – See notes from Table 2

Trauma and orthopaedic speciality

While **waiting time targets are allied to performance across all specialties**, it is useful to see the contribution of individual specialties towards performance.

In a written statement in March 2011, the then Minister for Health and Social Services highlighted the difficulty in achieving waiting time targets due to pressures within orthopaedic services resulting from increased GP referrals.⁷

Following additional funding allocations for orthopaedic treatment in 2011-12 and 2012-13, the Welsh Government stated that £16.6 million will be allocated in recurrent annual funding from 2013-14

⁷ Welsh Government, Edwina Hart (Minister for Health and Social Services), [Waiting Times and Orthopaedic Services update](#), Cabinet Written Statement, 10 March 2011 [accessed 9 July 2015]

with the purpose of sustaining improvements in orthopaedic waiting times.⁸

In his report published in June 2015, [A Review of Orthopaedic Services](#), the Auditor General for Wales concluded that while orthopaedic services have become more efficient in the past decade, NHS Wales is not well placed to meet future demand. This is because there has been a focus on securing immediate reductions in waiting times, however less attention has been paid to developing more sustainable, long-term solutions to meet demand.

⁸ Welsh Government, [Draft Budget 2013-14: A Budget for Growth and Jobs](#), page 38, October 2012 [accessed 9 July 2015]



Table 3 shows the latest figures for the trauma and orthopaedic specialty, at the end of May 2015.

Table 3: Waiting times for trauma and orthopaedic specialty at end of May 2015, (a), (b)

Local Health Board	Under 26 weeks		Under 36 weeks (a)		Total patients waiting for treatment
	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	
Abertawe Bro Morgannwg	6,852	64.9	8,520	80.7	10,559
Aneurin Bevan	10,497	73.5	12,462	87.2	14,289
Betsi Cadwaladr	9,081	68.6	11,301	85.4	13,239
Cardiff and Vale	8,437	79.1	10,312	96.7	10,668
Cwm Taf	4,072	77.8	4,928	94.1	5,237
Hywel Dda	5,293	67.8	6,432	82.4	7,808
Powys	435	100.0	435	100.0	435
Wales	44,667	71.8	54,390	87.4	62,235

Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales **Patients waiting to start treatment by latest month, local health board and weeks waiting**

Notes:

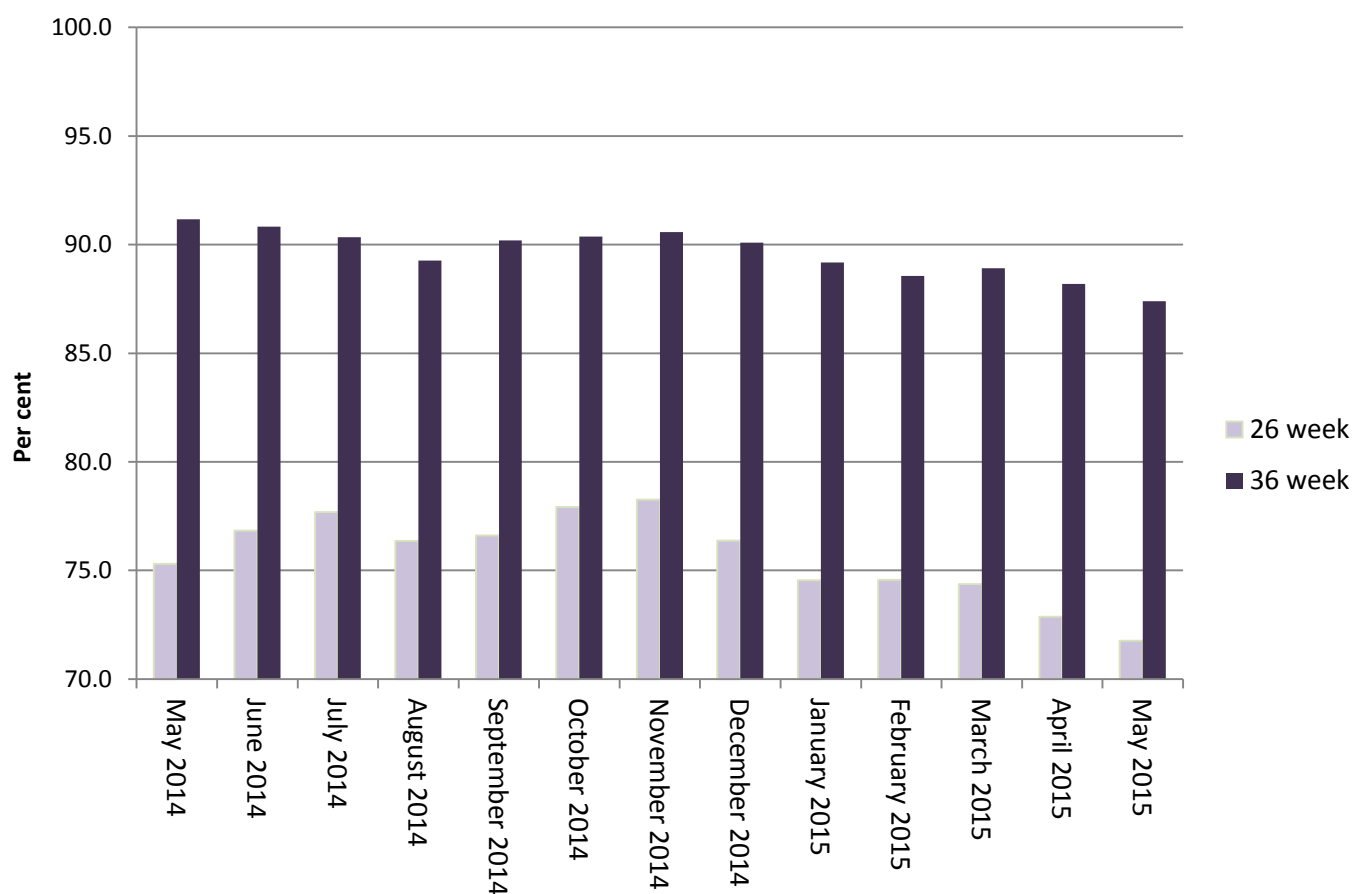
- (a) The figures for patients waiting under 36 weeks for treatment include those waiting under 26 weeks and between 26 and 36 weeks for treatment.
- (b) Values in the purple shaded boxes indicate a level of performance in May 2015 equal to or above that needed to achieve the waiting time targets.

In May 2015, it can be seen that:

- **In Powys Teaching Health Board** all patients had been waiting less than 26 weeks. In all other LHBs, less than 80 per cent of patients had been waiting less than 26 weeks for treatment.
- **In Powys Teaching Health Board**, all patients had been waiting under 36 weeks for treatment. In all other LHBs, less than 97 per cent of patients had been waiting less than 36 weeks for treatment.
- The LHB with the lowest percentage of patients waiting under 26 weeks and under 36 weeks was **Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board**.

Figure 4 compares the percentage of patients waiting less than 26 and 36 weeks for treatment in the trauma and orthopaedic specialty in the months from May 2014 to May 2015.

Figure 4: Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 and 36 weeks in the trauma and orthopaedic specialty, from May 2014 to May 2015



Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales, [Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks](#)

- For each month since May 2014, the percentage of patients waiting under 26 weeks has been **well below the level needed to achieve the waiting time target across all specialties**. The percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks in the trauma and orthopaedic specialty in May 2015 decreased by 1.1 percentage points compared to April. This was the lowest of any point over the past year, and since figures started to be produced in the current format in September 2011.⁹
- For each month since May 2014, the percentage of patients waiting under 36 weeks has also been **below the level needed to achieve the waiting time target across all specialties**. The percentage of patients waiting less than 36 weeks in the trauma and orthopaedic specialty in May 2015 was the lowest of any point over the past year, and since figures started to be produced in the current format in September 2011. It decreased by 0.8 percentage points compared to April.

⁹ Welsh Government, Stats Wales, [Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks](#) [accessed 9 July 2015]



Further information

The links below provide further information about the data sources used in this briefing, and further information about NHS Referral to Treatment Waiting Times:

- Welsh Government, **Referral to Treatment Times, May 2015**
- Stats Wales, **Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks**
- Stats Wales, **Patients waiting to start treatment by latest month, local health board and weeks waiting**
- Statistics on patients that have been treated during each month are available at:
 - Stats Wales, **Treated patients by month and grouped weeks**
- Auditor General for Wales, **NHS Waiting Times for Elective Care in Wales**, January 2015
- Auditor General for Wales, **A Review of Orthopaedic Services**, June 2015

For further information and statistics on NHS Referral to Treatment Waiting Times, please contact **Nigel Barwise** (Nigel.Barwise@Assembly.Wales), **Research Service**.

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