# NHS Referral to Treatment Waiting Times

#### March 2015

#### Introduction

This briefing provides information on the performance of Local Health Boards (LHBs) against the Welsh Government targets for NHS treatment waiting times. Most NHS waiting times in Wales are measured against the time from referral to treatment (RTT), although there are a number of exceptions.<sup>1</sup> The RTT is the period of time from referral, by a GP or other medical practitioner, to hospital for treatment.<sup>2</sup>

The current Welsh Government targets for NHS RTT waiting times are to ensure that:

- At least 95 per cent of patients waiting to start treatment must have waited less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment
- 100 per cent of patients not treated within 26 weeks must be treated in 36 weeks.

The Welsh Government measures progress against these targets each month, and the figures used **are those for patients waiting to start treatment at the end of the month.** Separate figures for patients treated during each month are published,<sup>3</sup> but as these are not covered by the targets they have not been included in this release. The LHB figures included in this release are for patients treated by each LHB rather than the LHB they live in.

## NHS Referral to Treatment Waiting Times in January 2015

Table 1 and figures 1 and 2 show performance against the 26 and 36 week referral to treatment waiting time targets for each LHB, and for the whole of Wales, using the latest figures from January 2015.<sup>4</sup> It can be seen from table 1 and figures 1 and 2 that:

- In January 2015, neither the 26 week nor 36 week targets were met on an All Wales basis.
- Powys Teaching Health Board achieved both the 26 week and the 36 week referral to treatment waiting time target in January 2015.
- Cardiff and Vale University Health Board was the worst performing LHB for both the 26 week target and the 36 week target.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The targets apply to the majority of referrals to NHS hospitals for treatment; however there are a number of exceptions. In addition, some conditions such as cancer have their own specific target, and are therefore not included in the general targets. Further information on referral to treatment targets is available at: Welsh Government, Waiting Times for NHS Services:

Frequently Asked Questions, 9 June 2011 [accessed 12 March 2015]

<sup>2</sup> Welsh Government, Referral to Treatment Times, January 2015, 12

March 2015 [accessed 12 March 2015]

<sup>3</sup> ibid

<sup>4</sup> Ibid

Table 1: Performance against waiting time targets at end of January 2015 (a), (c),

	Under 26 weeks		Under 36	weeks (b)	Over 36 weeks	Total
Local Health Board	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	patients waiting for treatment
Abertawe Bro Morgannwg	64,490	83.8	71,973	93.5	4,994	76,967
Aneurin Bevan	64,664	85.4	72,038	95.1	3,677	75,715
Betsi Cadwaladr	70,768	86.0	78,026	94.8	4,261	82,287
Cardiff and Vale	66,550	81.7	75,868	93.1	5,611	81,479
Cwm Taf	33,861	84.5	37,986	94.8	2,066	40,052
Hywel Dda	44,604	83.6	50,450	94.5	2,912	53,362
Powys	4,737	99.5	4,760	100.0	•	4,760
Wales	349,674	84.3	391,101	94.3	23,521	414,622

Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by latest month, local health board and weeks waiting, Notes:

- (a) This includes patients who are waiting for cardiac treatment. Cardiac RTT is defined differently from the rest of RTT; please refer to the Referral to Treatment Time quality report for further details.
- (b) The figures for patients waiting under 36 weeks for treatment include those waiting under 26 weeks and between 26 and 36 weeks for treatment.
- (c) The values in the purple shaded boxes met the referral to treatment waiting time target in January 2015.

Figure 1: Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks for treatment at end of January 2015

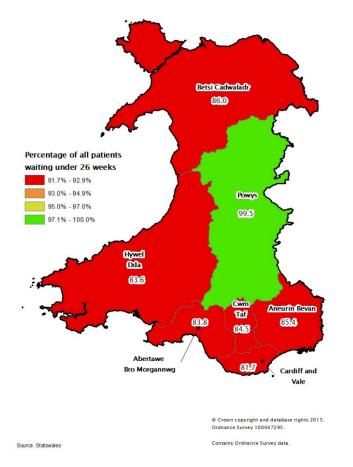
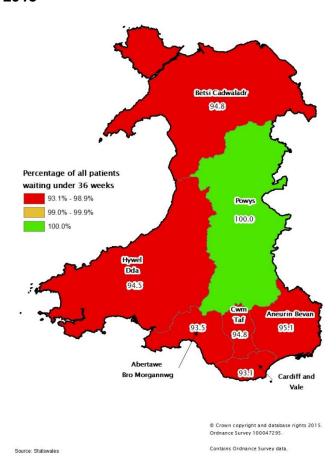


Figure 2: Percentage of patients waiting less than 36 weeks for treatment at end of January 2015



### Performance against RTT waiting time targets since January 2014

Table 2 and figure 3 focus on the performance against the referral to treatment waiting time targets, on an All Wales basis since January 2014.<sup>5</sup>

It can be seen from table 2 and figure 3 that:

- Neither target has been met in any month at an All Wales level between January 2014 and January 2015.
- The percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks for treatment in January 2015 was 0.8 percentage points lower than in December 2014, the lowest of any point over the past year, and since figures started to be produced in the current format in September 2011.
- The percentage of patients waiting less than 36 weeks for treatment in January 2015 was 0.7 percentage points lower than in December 2014, the lowest of any point over the past year, and since figures started to be produced in the current format in September 2011.
- The number of patients waiting over 36 weeks for treatment was over 7,000 more than in January 2014. It was the highest of any point over the past year, and also since figures started to be produced in the current format in September 2011.
- Nearly 2,500 more people were waiting for treatment at the end of January 2015 compared to January 2014.
   However, the number of patients waiting for treatment decreased by nearly 6,000 between December 2014 and January 2015, and by 24,000 (over 5%) since the peak in August 2014.<sup>6</sup>

Table 2: Performance against waiting time targets, on All Wales basis, January 2014 to January 2015 (a), (b)

	Under 26 weeks		Under 36	weeks (b)	Over 36 weeks	Total patients
Date	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	waiting for treatment
January 2014	357,719	86.8	396,043	96.1	16,109	412,152
February 2014	364,004	87.9	398,675	96.3	15,388	414,063
March 2014	371,877	88.9	407,856	97.5	10,586	418,442
April 2014	371,744	87.7	411,214	97.0	12,795	424,009
May 2014	371,205	86.3	414,864	96.4	15,498	430,362
June 2014	379,870	87.3	418,716	96.2	16,400	435,116
July 2014	378,301	87.2	416,090	95.9	17,649	433,739
August 2014	377,013	86.0	418,440	95.4	20,151	438,591
September 2014	371,137	85.7	414,059	95.7	18,810	432,869
October 2014	371,960	86.2	411,718	95.4	19,785	431,503
November 2014	365,859	86.3	404,032	95.4	19,679	423,711
December 2014	357,848	85.1	399,259	95.0	21,226	420,485
January 2015	349,674	84.3	391,101	94.3	23,521	414,622

Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks
Notes:

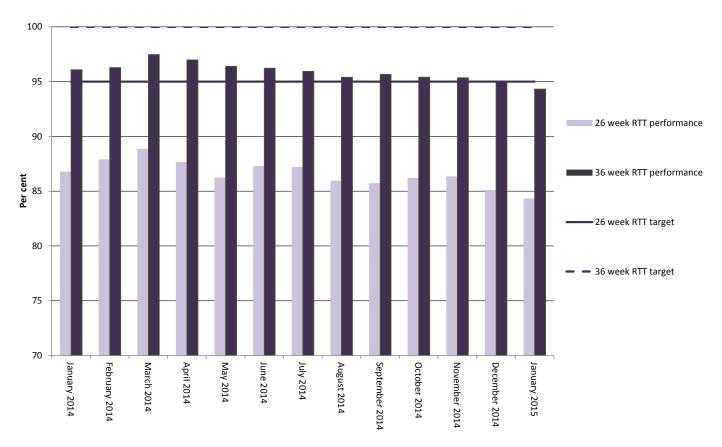
<sup>(</sup>a) This includes patients who are waiting for cardiac treatment. Cardiac RTT is defined differently from the rest of RTT; please refer to the **Referral to** treatment time quality report for further details.

<sup>(</sup>b) The figures for patients waiting under 36 weeks for treatment include those waiting under 26 weeks and between 26 and 36 weeks for treatment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Welsh Government, Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks [accessed 12 March 2015]

<sup>6</sup> Ihid

Figure 3: Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 and 36 weeks at end of month from January 2014 to January 2015



Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales, **Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks**Notes – See notes from Table 2

## Trauma and orthopaedic specialty

While waiting time targets are allied to performance across all specialties, it is useful to see the contribution of individual specialties towards performance.

In a written statement in March 2011, the then Minister for Health and Social Services highlighted the difficulty in achieving waiting time targets due to pressures within orthopaedic services resulting from increased GP referrals.<sup>7</sup>

Following additional funding allocations for orthopaedic treatment in 2011-12 and 2012-13, the Welsh Government stated that £16.6 million will be allocated in recurrent annual funding from 2013-14 with the purpose of sustaining improvements in orthopaedic waiting times.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Welsh Government, Edwina Hart (Minister for Health and Social Services), *Waiting Times and Orthopaedic Services update*, Cabinet Written Statement, 10 March 2011 [accessed 12 March 2015]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Welsh Government, **Draft Budget 2013-14: A Budget for Growth and Jobs**, page 38, October 2012 [accessed 12 March 2015]

Table 3 shows the latest figures for the trauma and orthopaedic specialty, at the end of January 2015.

Table 3: Waiting times for trauma and orthopaedic specialty at end of January 2015, (a), (b)

	Under 26 weeks		Under 36	Total patients	
Local Health Board	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	waiting for treatment
Abertawe Bro Morgannwg	7,281	71.7	8,608	84.8	10,148
Aneurin Bevan	10,454	74.2	12,257	87.0	14,081
Betsi Cadwaladr	8,194	68.3	10,339	86.2	11,989
Cardiff and Vale	8,436	84.1	9,729	97.0	10,033
Cwm Taf	4,093	82.0	4,807	96.3	4,991
Hywel Dda	5,272	69.8	6,645	87.9	7,558
Powys	439	98.2	447	100.0	447
Wales	44,169	74.6	52,832	89.2	59,247

Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales Patients waiting to start treatment by latest month, local health board and weeks waiting Notes:

#### In January 2015, it can be seen that:

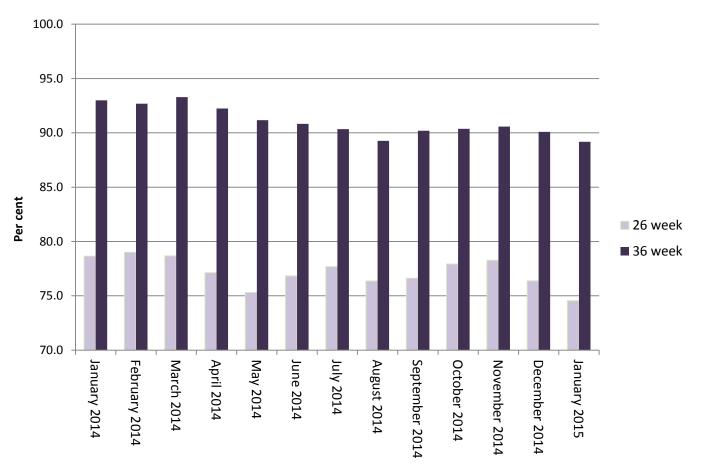
- In Powys Teaching Health Board over 95 per cent of patients were waiting less than 26 weeks. In all other
   LHBs, less than 85 per cent of patients had been waiting less than 26 weeks for treatment.
- In Powys Teaching Health Board, all patients had been waiting under 36 weeks for treatment. In all other
   LHBs, less than 98 per cent of patients had been waiting less than 36 weeks for treatment.
- The LHB with the lowest percentage of patients waiting under 26 weeks was Betsi Cadwaladr University
   Health Board. Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board had the lowest percentage of patients
   waiting under 36 weeks.

<sup>(</sup>a) The figures for patients waiting under 36 weeks for treatment include those waiting under 26 weeks and between 26 and 36 weeks for treatment.

<sup>(</sup>b) Values in the purple shaded boxes indicate a level of performance in January 2015 equal to or above that needed to achieve the waiting time targets.

Figure 4 compares the percentage of patients waiting less than 26 and 36 weeks for treatment in the trauma and orthopaedic specialty in the months from January 2014 to January 2015.

Figure 4: Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 and 36 weeks in the trauma and orthopaedic specialty, from January 2014 to January 2015



Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks

- For each month since January 2014, the percentage of patients waiting under 26 weeks has been well below the level needed to achieve the waiting time target across all specialties. The percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks in the trauma and orthopaedic specialty in January 2015 was 1.8 percentage points lower than December 2014. This is the lowest of any point over the past year, and since figures started to be produced in the current format in September 2011.9
- For each month since January 2014, the percentage of patients waiting under 36 weeks has also been below the level needed to achieve the waiting time target across all specialties. The percentage of patients waiting less than 36 weeks in the trauma and orthopaedic specialty in January 2015 was the lowest of any point over the past year, and since figures started to be produced in the current format in September 2011. It decreased by 0.9 percentage points compared to December 2014.

<sup>9</sup> Welsh Government, Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks [accessed 12 March 2015]

#### **Further information**

The links below provide further information about the data sources used in this briefing, and further information about NHS Referral to Treatment Waiting Times:

- Welsh Government, Referral to Treatment
   Times, January 2015
- Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks
- Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by latest month, local health board and weeks waiting
- Statistics on patients that have been treated during each month are available at:
- Stats Wales, Treated patients by month and grouped weeks
- Wales Audit Office, NHS Waiting Times for Elective Care in Wales, January 2015

For further information and statistics on NHS Referral to Treatment Waiting Times, please contact Nigel Barwise (Nigel.Barwise@Assembly.Wales), Research Service.

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